

# **Environmental Technologies Testing** and Demonstration Sites

# A Federal Directory

Environmental Technology Working Group Committee on Environment and Natural Resources National Science and Technology Council

September 1996

Executive Office of the President
Office of Science and Technology Policy

# **About the National Science and Technology Council**

President Clinton established the National Science and Technology Council (NSTC) by Executive Order on November 23, 1993. This Cabinet-level council is the principal means for the President to coordinate science, space, and technology policies across the Federal Government. NSTC acts as a "virtual" agency for science and technology to coordinate the diverse parts of the Federal research and development enterprise. NSTC is chaired by the President. Membership consists of the Vice President, Assistant to the President for Science and Technology, Cabinet Secretaries and agency heads with significant science and technology responsibilities, and other senior White House officials.

An important objective of NSTC is the establishment of clear national goals for Federal science and technology investments in areas ranging from information technologies and health research, to improving transportation systems and strengthening fundamental research. The Council prepares research and development strategies that are coordinated across Federal agencies to form an investment package that is aimed at accomplishing multiple national goals.

To obtain additional information regarding NSTC, contact the NSTC Executive Secretariat at 202-456-6100.

# **About the Office of Science and Technology Policy**

The Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP) was established by the National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976. OSTP's responsibilities include advising the President in policy formulation and budget development on all questions in which science and technology are important elements; articulating the President's science and technology policies and programs; and fostering strong partnerships among Federal, State, and local governments and the scientific communities in industry and academe.

To obtain additional information regarding OSTP, contact the OSTP Administrative Office at 202-395-7347.

# **Environmental Technologies Testing** and Demonstration Sites

# A Federal Directory

Environmental Technology Working Group Committee on Environment and Natural Resources National Science and Technology Council

September 1996

Executive Office of the President
Office of Science and Technology Policy

# **Acknowledgments**

This document is a product of the Environmental Technology Working Group of the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources within the National Science and Technology Council. This directory would not exist if it had not been for the hard work and dedication of Julia Jones of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. In addition, Richard Burrow of the Department of Energy helped to finalize the document and Jim Ball at the National Technology Transfer Center developed the electronic version. We are also indebted to the many people at the agencies who contributed the information contained in the directory and are willing to act as potential partners in demonstrating innovative environmental technologies.

# THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 11, 1996

# Dear Colleague:

In April 1995, the Clinton-Gore Administration released the National Environmental Technology Strategy, initiating a number of programs designed to accelerate the development and deployment of environmental technologies both here and abroad. The strategy is the result of over one year of discussions and meetings with key stakeholders from industry, academia, non-governmental organizations, and state and local government. One of the key objectives of the strategy is to ensure that the federal government becomes a more accessible partner with the private sector in advancing the development of environmental technologies.

In furtherance of this partnership goal, we are releasing this document, *Environmental Technologies Testing and Demonstration Sites:* A Federal Directory. It provides information about the availability of federally controlled lands and laboratories for public-private partnerships to test and demonstrate innovative environmental technologies. The directory lists over 100 sites that are available for demonstrating new remediation, control, monitoring, or pollution prevention technologies. The Directory underscores our belief that one of the most effective ways of moving environmentally critical technologies into the marketplace is to work with industry to prove that these technologies meet their performance objectives.

Sincerely,

John H. Gibbons Assistant to the President for Science and Technology

# NSTC Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Participants Full Committee

Name	Agency	Phone	Fax/E-Mail
Cochairs			
D. James Baker <sup>a</sup>	NOAA	202-482-3436	408-9674
			jbaker@hq.noaa.gov
Robert Watson <sup>a</sup>	OSTP	202-456-6202	456-6025
Rosina Bierbaum	OSTP	202-456-6077	456-6025
			rbierbau@ostp.eop.gov
Agency Representatives			
Michael Stegman	HUD	202-708-8100	619-8000
Dr. Floyd Horn	USDA	202-720-5923	690-2842
Allison Biggs <sup>b</sup>	USDA	202-720-7173	720-4732
Dr. Anna Johnson-Winegar	DOD	703-697-8714	693-7042
S			j-winegar@acq.osd.mil
Robert Boyd <sup>b</sup>	DOD	703-697-8535	693-7042
•			boydrl@acq.osd.mil
Ms. Patricia Beneke	DOI	202-208-3136	371-1825
Paul Dresler <sup>b</sup>	DOI	202-208-3024	371-2815
			pdresler@ios.doi.gov
Dr. Anne Petersen <sup>a</sup>	NSF	703-306-1001	306-0109
Penny Firth <sup>b</sup>	NSF	703-306-1480	306-0367
			pfirth@nsf.gov
Eileen B. Claussen	DOS	202-647-1554	647-0217
Bill Sullivan <sup>b</sup>	DOS	202-647-0240	647-1106
Dr. Charles Kennel <sup>a</sup>	NASA	202-358-1700	358-3092
			ckennel@mtpe.hq.nasa.gov
Nancy Maynard <sup>b</sup>	NASA	202-358-2559	358-2770
			nmaynard@mtpe.hq.nasa.gov
Dr. Kenneth Olden	HHS	919-541-3201	541-2260
Mary Gant <sup>b</sup>	NIEHS	301-496-2919	496-0563
Robert H. Volland	FEMA	202-646-3948	646-4387
Dr. Ronald L. Ritschard	TVA	205-386-2026	386-2126
H. Ronald Pulliam <sup>a</sup>	DOI	202-482-5707	273-3279
Thomas Lovejoy <sup>a</sup>	SI	202-786-2263	786-2304
- <del>-</del>			oaseaoo4@sivm.si.edu
Robert Hugget <sup>a</sup>	EPA	202-260-7676	260-9761
Christine Ervin <sup>a</sup>	DOE	202-586-9220	586-9260
			ee-as@hq.doe.gov
Robert Vallario <sup>b</sup>	DOE	202-586-0411	586-1737
Joseph Canny	DOT	202-366-4540	366-7127
Linda Zall	CIA	703-351-2135	527-6139
Skip Wright	<b>FCCMSSER</b>	301-427-2002	427-2007

# NSTC Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Participants Full Committee

Name	Agency	Phone	Fax/E-Mail
Office of Management a	nd Budget		
PAD: T.J. Glauthier	•	202-395-4561	395-4639
DAD: Kathy Peroff		202-395-3404	395-4817
BC: Jack Fellows		202-395-3935	395-4817
BE: Sarah Horrigan		202-395-3534	395-4817
NSTC Liaison			
Peter Backlund	OSTP	202-456-6081	456-6025
CENR Executive Secret	ariat		
Susan Fruchter	NOAA	202-482-6096	402-9674
			sfruchter@hq.noaa.gov
Donna Wieting	NOAA	202-482-5181	482-1156
Ç			dwieting@rdc.noaa.gov
NSTC Executive Secreta	arv		
Angela Philips Diaz	NSTC	202-456-6100	456-6026
Gail Williams <sup>b</sup>	NSTC	202-456-6100	456-6026

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Executive committee member

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Denotes agency/subcommittee contact

# **Table of Contents**

Introduction	1
Department of Energy	3
Solar Energy Research Facility	5
National Wind Technology Center	6
National Wind Technology Center, Structural Test Facility	
National Wind Technology Center, Wind Turbine Test Facility	8
Plastics Recycling Laboratory	9
High-Flux Solar Furnace	10
Solar Radiation Research Laboratory	12
Mirror Preparation and Exposure Testing Laboratories	13
Thermochemical Engineering Laboratory, Field Test Laboratory	14
Alternative Fuels Users Facility	15
Biomass Conversion and Organic Synthesis Laboratories	16
Molecular Beam Mass Spectrometry Laboratory	17
Argonne National Laboratory	18
Western Environmental Technology Office	19
Grand Junction Projects Office	
Rabbit Valley Geophysical Performance Evaluation Range	21
Grand Junction Walker Field Airport	22
Sandia National Laboratories	23
Sandia National Laboratories, Livermore Facility	24
Fernald Environmental Management Project	25
Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Cold Test Pit	26
Idaho National Engineering Laboratory	
Savannah River Site	34
Argonne National Laboratory	35
Western Environmental Technology Office	37
Nevada Test Site	38
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory	41
Energy Technology Engineering Center	42
Energy Technology Engineering Center	43
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	44
Stanford Linear Accelerator Center	45
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	46
Hanford Site	48
Oak Ridge K-25 Site Demonstration Facility	50
Portsmouth Clean Site	51
Inorganic Membrane Technology Center	52
Oak Ridge Center for Materials Characterization	53
Solid Waste Storage Area 6	54
Subsurface Weirs at Oak Ridge National Laboratory	55
Bioprocessing Research and Development Facility	56

Lysimeter Facility	57
Bag/Box Monitor at Oak Ridge Y-12 Plant	58
Gunite and Associated Tanks at Oak Ridge National Laboratory	59
Materials Research Partnership Center	60
Environmental Protection Agency	
National Risk Management Research Laboratory	63
National Risk Management Research Laboratory Test and Evaluation Facility	
Full Containment Facility/Andrew W. Breidenbach Research Facility	65
Andrew W. Breidenbach Environmental Research Center	66
National Risk Management Research Laboratory Air Pollution Prevention and Con	trol
Division	67
Other Potential Sites	69
Department of Agriculture	71
Food Animal Protection Research Laboratory	73
Conservation and Production Research Laboratory	74
Conservation and Production Systems Research Unit	75
Rice Research Unit	76
Pecan Genetics and Improvement Research Unit	
Grassland Soil and Water Research Laboratory	78
Subtropical Agricultural Research Laboratory	
Livestock Insects Laboratory	80
Jornado Experimental Range	81
Plant Science and Water Conservation Laboratory	
Southern Plains Research Station	
Forage and Livestock Research Unit	84
South Central Agricultural Research Laboratory	
National Agricultural Water Quality Laboratory	
South Central Family Farms Research Unit	87
Horticultural Crops Research Laboratory	
Western Human Nutrition Research Center	
Western Regional Research Center	
Aquatic Weeds Control Research Unit	
Small Grains and Potato Germplasm Research Unit	
Sheep Experiment Station	
Soil and Water Management Laboratory	
Range and Meadow Management Research Unit	
Vegetable and Forage Crops Production Research Unit	
Wheat Genetics, Quality, Physiology, and Disease Research Unit	
Forage Seed and Cereal Research Unit	
Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit	
Northern Plains Experimental Range	
Natural Resources Research Center	
Range and Livestock Research Unit	
Meat Animal Research Center	
Rangeland Resource Research Unit	104

	Anthropod-Borne Animal Disease Research Unit	. 105
	Red River Valley Agricultural Research Center	.106
	Beltsville Agricultural Research Center	.107
	Foreign Disease-Weed Science Research Unit	.108
	Plum Island Animal Disease Center	.109
	Appalachian Soil And Water Conservation Research Unit	.110
	Appalachian Fruit Research Laboratory	.111
	Food Science Research Unit	.112
	Southern Piedmont Conservation Research Laboratory	.113
	Fruit And Nut Research Unit	. 114
	Plant Introduction Research Unit	. 115
	Peanut Research Unit	. 116
	Citrus and Subtropical Fruits Quality Improvement Unit	. 117
	Subtropical Horticulture Research Unit	. 118
	Vegetable Research Unit	.119
	Cotton Quality Research Unit	.120
	Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit	.121
	Sugarcane Research Unit	. 122
	Soil and Water Research Unit	.123
	Southern Regional Research Center	.124
	National Sedimentation Laboratory	. 125
	Cotton Host Plant Resistance Research Unit	. 126
	Erosion Process Research Unit	.127
	North Appalachian Experimental Watershed	. 128
	Soil Management Research Unit	. 129
	National Animal Disease Center	.130
	National Soil Tilth Laboratory	. 131
	Field Crops Research Unit	. 132
	Biological Control of Insects Research Unit	. 133
	National Center for Agricultural Utilization Research	.134
De	partment of Defense	. 135
	Groundwater Remediation Field Laboratory	. 137
	Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant	
	Mcclellan Air Force Base	.141
	Naval Construction Battalion Center	. 143
	Volunteer Army Ammunition Plant	. 145
	National Center for Integrated Bioremediation Research And Development	. 147
Ind	lav	1/10

# **Executive Summary**

The National Environmental Technology Strategy, released in April 1995, outlines a number of policies and programs critical to facilitating the development and deployment of environmental technologies both here in the United States and abroad. A key focus of the strategy is on developing new ways to demonstrate innovative environmental technologies in order to answer questions concerning their performance, economic viability, and acceptance. Technology demonstration builds an important bridge between R&D activities and the commercial application and export of environmentally critical technologies.

This directory was developed in response to specific recommendations made during the White House Conference on Environmental Technologies held in December 1994. A number of representatives from the environmental technology industry wanted to know where they could partner with the Federal Government to test their technologies. At that time, there was no comprehensive inventory or directory of Federal testing sites and facilities. This document is a response to the need for better information on demonstration opportunities for environmental technology developers.

The directory contains detailed information on more than 100 sites managed by Federal departments and agencies that are available for public-private partnerships to test and demonstrate environmental technologies. Some listed sites, such as those under the Department of Defense and Department of Energy, have a variety of environmental contaminants in existence. At other sites, such as those of the Department of Agriculture, there are no existing contaminants, yet the sites could be available for testing and demonstrating various monitoring or pollution-avoidance technologies.

A listing of a site in this directory should not be taken as a guarantee of site availability under all circumstances. Site leaders listed in the directory are in the best position to determine the compatibility of proposed demonstrations. Agreements to use the site must be negotiated between the private-sector entity and the onsite Federal manager.

# Introduction

The pages of this Directory contain detailed information on physical sites managed by U.S. Government departments and agencies. These sites in particular, among all U.S. Government sites, are listed because they are available for public-private partnerships to test and demonstrate environmental technologies.

Some listed sites, such as those under the Department of Defense and the Department of Energy, have a variety of environmental contaminants in existence. In these cases, the full range of environmental technologies—remediation, control, monitoring, and avoidance—can be demonstrated. In other cases, such as sites under the Department of Agriculture, there are no existing contaminants, yet the sites would be available for testing and demonstrating monitoring and avoidance technologies.

While as much information as possible has been included in this brief directory, there will remain questions users would like to have had answered. In all cases, directory users should refer to the listed location point of contact for additional information.

This directory points to possible large- and small-scale sites for testing and demonstrating environmental technologies, but should not be taken as a guarantee of site availability under all circumstances. Site leaders, who know the character of ongoing research efforts, are in the best position to determine the compatibility of proposed demonstrations. Agreements to use the site are made between the private sector and the on-site Federal management.

This directory has been compiled under the direction of the Office of Science and Technology Policy and the National Science and Technology Council. This work responds to suggestions made by participants in the White House Conference on Environmental Technology, held December 11-13, 1994, and by those participating in the development of its National Environmental Technology Strategy. The participants' observations were that it is difficult to locate a suitable site to test proposed environmental technologies in ways that will demonstrate the ability of the technology to meet environmental regulatory standards. It is hoped this first edition of the directory will address this need. Expanded editions will be published on a periodic basis.

Special thanks go to Julia Jones, U.S. Department of Agriculture; Richard Burrow, William Becker, and Claire Sink, U.S. Department of Energy; Robert Holst, U.S. Department of Defense; and Connie Sasala and Alfred Lindsey, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, for providing the data contained herein.

**Department of Energy** 

# **Solar Energy Research Facility**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Site Name and Location: Solar Energy Research Facility, 14975 Denver West Parkway, Golden, Colo-

rado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research and development facility with 42 laboratories in the areas of photovoltaics, superconductivity, and related materials sciences

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

Remediation	$\Box$ Control	☐ Monitoring	<b>✓</b>	Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Related fundamental research, development of advanced materials and solar cells, manufacturing technology and module development, and system development and validation. Examples of materials are thin-film photovoltaics, based on copper and indium selenide, diselenide, or telluride materials. The laboratory performs testing for solar cells from industry manufacturers for determination of cell performance and measurement of efficiency under standardized conditions and provides insight into mechanisms of failure after exposure to weather and simulated service life so that manufacturers can develop appropriate processing conditions for optimal performance. Testing is performed using such techniques as electron microprobe, Auger electron spectrometry, secondary ion mass spectrometry, x-ray photoelectron spectrometry, and scanning tunneling microscopy. An Outdoor Test Facility for performing outdoor photovoltaic experiments is being completed.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Dr. Antony Catalano

Mailing Address: DOE/NREL/SERF

1617 Cole Blvd.

Golden, Colorado 80401

E-Mail Address: catalana@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 384-6446 **Fax:** (303) 384-6530

# **National Wind Technology Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Site Name and Location: National Wind Technology Center, 18200 State Highway 128, Golden, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research facility

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

 $\square$  Control

This facility provides two methods of structural excitation for modal tests of wind turbines—the handheld hammer test and the ground-mounted shaker test. With these tests, researchers determine the natural frequencies of components and systems and provide vital information required to reduce fatigue damage of rotating structures.

☐ Monitoring

✓ Avoidance

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

☐ Remediation

Name: Robert Thresher

Mailing Address: DOE/NREL/NWTC

1617 Cole Blvd. Golden, CO 80401

**E-Mail Address:** thresher@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 384-6922

**Fax:** (303) 384-6901 or 6999

# National Wind Technology Center, Structural Test Facility

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

**Site Name and Location:** National Wind Technology Center, Structural Test Facility, 18200 State

Highway 128, Golden, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research facility

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

□ Remediation □ Control □ Monitoring 🗸 Avoidai	☐ Remediation	☐ Control	☐ Monitoring	✓ Avoidance
--	---------------	-----------	--------------	-------------

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

This multi-use facility is used to test and evaluate the structural integrity of wind turbine blades. The nondestructive tests include photoelastic, brittle lacquer, and deflection measurements. Researchers also conduct destruction blade tests to determine ultimate blade strength and to establish fatigue characteristics. Equipment includes three test stands to support blades up to 18 m (60 ft) in length. The test stands and loading apparatus can withstand overturning torques up to 1.4 million N-m (1 million feet/lb). Researchers conduct fatigue tests using state-of-the-art servo hydraulic simulation test equipment supplied by MTS Corporation.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Robert Thresher

Mailing Address: DOE/NREL/NWTC

1617 Cole Blvd. Golden, CO 80401

**E-Mail Address:** thresher@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 384-6922

**Fax:** (303) 384-6901/6999

# **National Wind Technology Center, Wind Turbine Test Facility**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Site Name and Location: National Wind Technology Center, Wind Turbine Test Facility, 18200 State

Highway 128, Golden, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research facility

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation	$\Box$ Control	☐ Monitoring	Avoidance
---------------	----------------	--------------	-----------

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

This facility is used to test wind turbine systems to determine their aerodynamic, structural, and electronic performance characteristics. Currently, researchers are testing a 10-kW Bergey turbine and a 20-kW "combined experiment" turbine for unsteady aerodynamics. The facility is capable of testing other turbine designs.

During late fall and winter, high-pressure zones being pushed across the Continental Divide by the winter jet stream cause turbulent gusts to funnel through Colorado's front-range canyon. These winds are characteristic of those powering California's wind farms and are perfect for wind load and system fatigue testing. In the late winter and spring, low pressure drives less frequent but smoother winds from the south and east up against the Rocky Mountains, generating stable conditions that are excellent for wind system calibration, component reconfiguration, and turbine certification.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Robert Thresher

Mailing Address: DOE/NREL/NWTC

1617 Cole Blvd. Golden, CO 80401

**E-Mail Address:** thresher@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 384-6922

Fax: (303) 384-6901 or 6999

# **Plastics Recycling Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

**Site Name and Location:** Plastics Recycling Laboratory, Field Test Laboratory Building, 15003 Denver West Parkway, Golden, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation	✔ Control	☐ Monitoring	<b>/</b>	Avoidance
---------------	-----------	--------------	----------	-----------

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

This facility is used to study the conversion of mixed waste plastics to high-value chemicals. Researchers convert the plastics using selective pyrolysis into valuable chemical feedstocks.

The facility houses small-scale fluidized-bed reactors coupled to on-line mass spectrometers. Larger batch and fluidized-bed reactors are used to test promising reactions on a larger scale. Research techniques include using analytical pyrolysis to rapidly characterize plastic samples including mixtures in waste streams.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Helena L. Chum

Mailing Address: DOE/NREL

1617 Cole Blvd. Golden, CO 80401

E-Mail Address: chumh@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 275-2949 **Fax:** (303) 275-2905

# **High-Flux Solar Furnace**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Site Name and Location: Solar Industrial Mesa Test Area, High-Flux Solar Furnace; Golden, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory and demonstration facility

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✔ Remediation □ Control □ Monitoring □ Avoidance

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

This outdoor facility is used for solar thermal and industrial experiments, and particularly for experiments related to solar detoxification of hazardous wastes in water and air. It is ideal for experiments that require a low to medium concentration (1 to 20 suns) of ambient sunlight.

The High-Flux Solar Furnace (HFSF) was named a National User Facility by DOE in 1993. This designation established the HFSF as a one-of-a-kind resource that is staffed by personnel with unparalleled expertise and recognizes the facility's unique capabilities in advanced materials processing. Current HFSF research focuses on the production or processing of advanced materials and the destruction of environmental contaminants in the gas phase. The furnace's ability to rapidly produce high temperatures on the surface of a material without affecting the base materials has led to studies of phase-transformation hardening, cladding, thin-film deposition and rapid thermal annealing.

Because the system delivers the entire solar spectrum, researchers can work with either broad-spectrum radiation or a particular frequency, ranging from infrared to the near ultraviolet. The unit's long focal length and off-axis design give researchers great experimental flexibility and control over the incoming solar flux. A large flat mirror tracks the sun and reflects solar energy into 25 individual curved mirrors collectively known as the primary concentrator. The concentrator focuses the flux at an area in the test building that is equipped with a reflective or refractive secondary concentrator. Under optimal conditions, the furnace's primary concentrator can achieve maximum flux intensities of about 2,500 suns. The secondary concentrator, installed at the primary concentrator's focal point, increases the intensity further. Reflective secondaries can easily achieve intensities of up to 50,000 suns.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Stephen Hauser

Mailing Address: DOE/NREL

1617 Cole Blvd.

Golden, CO 80401

**E-Mail Address:** hausers@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 384-7416 **Fax:** (303) 384-7411

# **Solar Radiation Research Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Site Name and Location: Solar Radiation Research Laboratory, Golden, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

□ Remediation □ Control □ Monitoring ✔ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

This facility provides measurements of solar radiation and other meteorological data to support research in renewable energy. The facility also is used to calibrate broadband radiometers outdoors that are traceable to the World Radiometric Reference using a reference group of absolute cavity radiometers. Outdoor spectral and broadband radiometer measurements also are used to evaluate photovoltaic device performance. In addition, researchers can use the facility to develop and test new instrumentation, such as automated solar trackers.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Thomas Bath

Mailing Address: DOE/NREL

1617 Cole Blvd. Golden, CO 80401

**E-Mail Address:** batht@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 275-4606 **Fax:** (303) 275-4611

# **Mirror Preparation and Exposure Testing Laboratories**

Reporting Agency/[	Department: DOE	, National Renewable I	Energy Laboratory
Site Name and Loca	ation: Mirror Prep	aration and Exposure T	esting Laboratories, Golden, Colorado
Nature of Facility: (a Base): Research lab	•	ooratory, Open Range	and, Demonstration Facility, Military
Types of Environme Many as Are Approp		s Appropriate for the S	Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as
☐ Remediation	□ Control	✓ Monitoring	☐ Avoidance
These facilities house	e three types of acc	· ·	the Site: its used to test the reflector optical properors. Each unit can control ultraviolet light

## List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

heat, and humidity.

Name: Stephen Hauser

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ DOE/NREL$ 

1617 Cole Blvd.

Golden, CO 80401

E-Mail Address: hausers@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 384-7416 **Fax:** (303) 384-7411

# Thermochemical Engineering Laboratory, Field Test Laboratory

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

**Site Name and Location:** Thermochemical Engineering Laboratory, Field Test Laboratory Building, 15003 Denver West Parkway, Golden, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

Remediation	$\Box$ Control	☐ Monitoring	<b>/</b>	Avoidance
		_		

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

This facility is used for generation of pyrolysis oil from biomass and waste feedstocks, employing a novel engineering-scale fast-pyrolysis process. This pilot facility operates at 20 to 40 kg/h (44 to 88 lb/h). Oils can be used as feedstocks for fuels, for the production of chemicals, or for the generation of electric power. Associated facilities are available for chemical fractionation of the oils and catalytic upgrading. The laboratory also has complete analytical facilities for characterization and catalytic upgrading. A versatile Biomass Thermochemical Facility for pyrolysis, gasification, catalytic upgrading, and analysis is available for testing of feedstocks and catalysts.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Helena L. Chum

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ DOE/NREL$ 

1617 Cole Blvd. Golden, CO 80401

E-Mail Address: chumh@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 275-2949 **Fax:** (303) 275-2905

# Alternative Fuels Users Facility

Reporting Agency/	<b>Department:</b> DOE	E, National Renewable l	Energy Laboratory	
Site Name and Loc	cation: Alternative	Fuels Users Facility, G	olden, Colorado	
Nature of Facility: Base): Research la		boratory, Open Range	land, Demonstration Facility, l	Wilitary
Types of Environm Many as Are Appro		s Appropriate for the S	Site (See Taxonomy Attached,	Check as
☐ Remediation	☐ Control	☐ Monitoring	✓ Avoidance	

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

This area is used to convert biomass feedstocks to ethanol and other fuels and chemicals. The facility includes a building that houses a process development unit to test lignocellulosic biomass-to-ethanol technologies on a pilot scale. A 907-kg/day (1-ton/day) biomass-to-ethanol pilot plant began operating in mid-1994. The pilot plant features equipment for pretreating biomass feedstocks, and several large-scale 9,000-L (2,377-gal) fermenters for producing cellulose and converting cellulose and xylose to ethanol. Three more fermenters will be added to bring total capacity to about 63,926 L (16,888 gal). A distillation column for product recovery also is available. The bench-scale unit includes pretreatment equipment, fermenters, and a distillation column. Both systems have extensive data acquisition capabilities.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Charles Wyman

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ DOE/NREL$ 

1617 Cole Blvd. Golden, CO 80401

E-Mail Address: wymanc@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 275-4453 **Fax:** (303) 275-4452

# **Biomass Conversion and Organic Synthesis Laboratories**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

**Site Name and Location:** Biomass Conversion and Organic Synthesis Laboratories, Field Test Laboratory Building, 15003 Denver West Parkway, Golden, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation	$\square$ Control	Monitoring	<b>/</b>	Avoidance
---------------	-------------------	------------	----------	-----------

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

These facilities are used to investigate novel methods for the transformation of renewable and biomass-derived material into useful fuels and chemicals. A complete analytical facility for biomass analysis is available. Organic and organometallic synthesis, electrochemical synthesis, and catalysis are used to analyze the composition of biomass feedstocks.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Helena L. Chum Mailing Address: DOE/NREL

1617 Cole Blvd. Golden, CO 80401

E-Mail Address: chumh@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 275-2949 **Fax:** (303) 275-2905

# **Molecular Beam Mass Spectrometry Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Site Name and Location: Molecular Beam Mass Spectrometry Laboratory, Field Test Laboratory

Building, 15003 Denver West Parkway, Golden, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

/	Remediation	~	Control	<b>✓</b>	Monitoring	<b>/</b>	Avoidance
---	-------------	---	---------	----------	------------	----------	-----------

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

This facility is used to study biomass-derived feedstocks, plastics, and wastes that can be converted to useful fuels and chemicals. Specific items being studied include complex biomass gasifier tars, analytical pyrolysis for fuel biomass and waste feedstock analysis, thermal processing of plastics wastes for high-value chemicals recovery, and the release of alkali vapor in the high-temperature combustion of woods and grasses.

This facility comprises three direct sampling, molecular beam, mass spectrometer systems—one fixed and the other two transportable for field applications. These systems can extract and measure reactive and condensable species from hot, moist, particle-laden, reactive systems under simulated or real reactor or stack conditions. The mass spectrometer provides a nearly universal detector, and the advanced multivariate analysis capabilities aid deconvolution and interpretation of complex spectra. Equipment is used in the field to optimize processes and minimize their environmental impact.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Helena L. Chum

Mailing Address: DOE/NREL

1617 Cole Blvd.

Golden, CO 80401

E-Mail Address: chumh@tcplink.nrel.gov

**Telephone:** (303) 275-2949 **Fax:** (303) 275-2905

# **Argonne National Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/	Department: DOE,	, Argonne National Lal	poratory	
Site Name and Loc	ation: Argonne, Illi	nois		
Nature of Facility: ( Base): Fabrication	•		land, Demonstration Facility, Militar	у
Types of Environmo Many as Are Appro		Appropriate for the	Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Chec	k as
✓ Remediation	✔ Control	☐ Monitoring	☐ Avoidance	
		nges Associated With als processing and fabi	n the Site: rication, including radioactive material	ls.

## **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Dwight Diercks

Mailing Address: DOE/ANL

9700 S. Cass Ave. Argonne, IL 60439

**E-Mail Address:** dr\_diercks@qmgate.anl.gov

**Telephone:** (708) 252-5032 **Fax:** (708) 252-4798

# **Western Environmental Technology Office**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Western Environmental Technology Office

Site Name and Location: Butte, Montana

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research and demonstration facility

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Plasma-arc waste processing demonstration units
- Berkeley pit and other mine-waste sites
- Spray casting waste minimization demonstration facility
- Off-gas treatment and emissions control facility

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Radioactive testing not conducted. Private-sector access to these facilities can be obtained on a cost-reimbursement mode through Work for Others agreements. Other arrangements such as cooperative research and development agreements and cost-shared work can be negotiated as a function of the DOE program goals and objectives.

**List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:** (1) Organics and energetics, (2) Heavy metals, (3) Mine waste

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Mel Shupe

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ DOE/WETO$ 

P.O. Box 3462 Butte, MT 59702

**Telephone:** (406) 494-7205

**Fax:** (406) 494-7490

**Fax:** (970) 248-6023

# **Grand Junction Projects Office**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Grand Junction Projects Office Site Name and Location: Grand Junction, Colorado Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Radiometric Calibration Facility Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Remediation **✓** Monitoring ☐ Avoidance ☐ Control List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: The facility consists of fabricated boreholes and pads containing known concentrations of potassium, uranium, and thorium. The facility is described in DOE/ID/12584/179, Third Edition List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None **Location Point of Contact** Name: John A. Stelmach Mailing Address: DOE/Grand Junction Projects Office P.O. Box 2567 Grand Junction, CO 81502 **Telephone:** (970) 248-6022

# Rabbit Valley Geophysical Performance Evaluation Range

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Grand Junction Projects Office Site Name and Location: Rabbit Valley Geophysical Performance Evaluation Range, near Grand Junction, Colorado Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Demonstration and geophysical performance evaluation facility Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Remediation ✓ Monitoring ☐ Control ☐ Avoidance List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: This site is a geophysical instrument test range with a large selection of subsurface targets of various sizes, shapes, orientations, and compositions. See the report DOE/ID/12584-195 for details. List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: No limitations. The site is on public land with no restrictions on access. It is open to the public.

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: John A. Stelmach

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

Mailing Address: DOE/Grand Junction Projects Office

P.O. Box 2567

Grand Junction, CO 81502

**Telephone:** (970) 248-6022 **Fax:** (970) 248-6023

# **Grand Junction Walker Field Airport**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Grand Junction Projects Office Site Name and Location: Grand Junction Walker Field Airport, Grand Junction, Colorado Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military **Base):** Large-area distributive-source radiometric calibration pads Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Remediation **✓** Monitoring ☐ Avoidance ☐ Control

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Large area (30 ft. x 40 ft.) pads containing known concentrations of potassium, uranium, and thorium. The five pads are used by aircraft and surface vehicle systems; hand-held instruments also are calibrated on the pads. The large area calibration pads are described in DOE/ID/12584-179, Third Edition.

# List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

The site is leased from the Walker Field Airport Authority. Access information can be obtained by calling the DOE Grand Junction Projects Office contractor at 970-248-6702.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: John A. Stelmack

Mailing Address: DOE/Grand Junction Projects Office

P.O. Box 2567

Grand Junction, CO 81502

**Telephone:** (970) 248-6022 **Fax:** (970) 248-6023

## Sandia National Laboratories

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Sandia National Laboratories

Site Name and Location: Albuquerque, New Mexico

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): National engineering research and development laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Large controlled site in close proximity to metropolitan area with a large scientific research and development support infrastructure.
- On-going site production activities (weapon components, medical isotopes, etc.) provide real-time pollution prevention and wastemanagement opportunities.
- Limited scope environmental restoration legacies (landfills, contaminated groundwater plumes, hazardous and nuclear wastes, etc.) provide demonstration opportunities.
- On-site teams with experience in environmental operations, regulatory compliance, technology development, testing, and demonstrations.
- Notable competencies in advanced manufacturing processes; robotics; landfill and plume remediation; characterization, monitoring, and sensor technologies; environmental management and decision support; alternative energy research; transportation systems; engineered systems; and computational sciences.
- Closely linked with California laboratory site.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

- Activities must comply with California environmental requirements.
- Site collocated on Kirtland Air Force Base.
- Security requirements place restrictions on access by non-U. S. citizens and personnel unable to obtain security clearances.

**List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:** (1) Volatile organic compounds, (2) Heavy metals, (3) Radioactive materials

#### **Location Point of Contact**

Name: George Allen

Mailing Address: Sandia National Laboratories

P.O. Box 5800, MS-0756 Albuquerque, NM 87185

**E-Mail Address:** gcallen@sandia.gov **Telephone:** (505) 844-9769

**Fax:** (505) 844-0968

# Sandia National Laboratories, Livermore Facility

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Sandia National Laboratories

Site Name and Location: Livermore, California

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): National engineering research and development laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Controlled site near major urban area.
- Large scientific research and development support infrastructure.
- Close proximity to large California environmental market and technology suppliers.
- Limited-scope environmental restoration legacies (fuel oil spill) provide demonstration opportunities.
- On-site teams with experience in environmental operations, regulatory compliance, technology development, testing, and demonstrations.
- Notable competencies in combustion research; advanced manufacturing processes; non-thermal
  waste treatment technology; characterization, monitoring, and sensor technologies; alternative energy
  research; engineered systems; and computational sciences.
- Closely linked with New Mexico laboratory site.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

- Activities must comply with California environmental requirements.
- Security requirements place restrictions on access by non-U. S. citizens and personnel unable to obtain security clearances.

**List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:** (1) Fuel oil, (2) miscellaneous hazardous and explosive materials

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Taz Bramlette

Mailing Address: Sandia National Laboratories

P.O. Box 969, MS-9410 Livermore, CA 94550

**E-Mail Address:** taz\_bramlette@sandia.gov

**Telephone:** (510) 294-2299 **Fax:** (510) 294-2999

# **Fernald Environmental Management Project**

Reporting Agency/Departn	nent: DOE, Fern	ald Environmen	tal Management Project
Site Name and Location: (	Cincinnati, Ohio		
Nature of Facility: (e.g., Real Base): Former uranium pro		ory, Open Rango	eland, Demonstration Facility, Military
Types of Environmental Te Many as Are Appropriate):	chnologies App	ropriate for the	Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as
✓ Remediation □ (	Control $\square$	Monitoring	☐ Avoidance
tions can be compared to jud remediation is proceeding or agreement with regulators, e within the CERCLA process	ge their feasibilit a a predictable sch ncourage the con . Numerous new thods are being so	y. All Records of hedule with a de tinued pursuit of support technol ought. Advantage	against which the technology demonstra- of Decision (RODs) are in place and the fined end point. The Fernold RODs, in f improved technology for application ogies, including real-time analytical and ged technologies will be put to further use at
List Major Limitations Asso	ociated With Pot	tential Use of th	e Site: Site final use has been selected
List the Three Major Conta	minants at the S	Site: (1) Uraniu	m
Location Point of Contact			
	Paul J. Pettit		Warner
Mailing Address:			DOE
	P.O. Box 53870	4 P.O.	Box 538705
	Cincinnati, OH	45253 Cinc	innati, OH 45253
Telephone:	(513) 648-6558	(513	) 648-3156

(513) 648-3076

**Fax:** (513) 648-6913

# Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Cold Test Pit

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory

Site Name and Location: Cold Test Pit, Idaho Falls, Idaho

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Demonstration and testing area.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

<b>/</b>	Remediation	$\Box$ Control	Monitoring	☐ Avoidance
----------	-------------	----------------	------------	-------------

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Test site with no nearby communities. On-site research teams with experience in testing and demonstration. Simulated INEL waste problems. An area 40 ft (12 m) wide, 228 ft (68 m) long, and about 10 ft (3 m) deep was excavated in 1988 about 600 ft (183 m) south of the Subsurface Disposal Area (SDA) in the Radioactive Waste Management Complex (RWMC). This area, known as the Cold Test Pit, was initially divided into five cells, with each cell representing a different configuration of the waste. The cells contain randomly dumped barrels, randomly dumped barrels and boxes, stacked barrels, stacked boxes, and the large objects pit (the waste seam is about 8 ft thick with a 4- to 5-ft soil cap). Each barrel and box was filled with simulated waste in specific, marked cells and backfilled in the same manner as the SDA waste pits that were constructed between 1953 and 1970. Items such as metals, tools, plastics, concrete, asphalt, wood, and simulated sludge were placed in each container. Cardboard containers were used to hasten deterioration of the barrels and boxes—a condition most likely to be encountered at the SDA. Water also was sprayed on the containers just prior to burial to accelerate the deterioration. In order to simulate the presence of radioactive waste for migration and detection purposes, rare earth tracers were placed into each container. These tracers are valuable when measuring the effectiveness of contamination control technologies. Only one kind of tracer was placed in each cell. No tracers were placed in the large objects pit. The following kinds of tracers were placed in each of the cells: randomly dumped barrels; dysprosium; randomly dumped barrels and boxes, ytterbium; stacked barrels, terbium; stacked boxes, neodymium. Two additional test cells were added in 1992 to support characterization and retrieval demonstrations. The total size of the cells is 40 ft (12 m) wide, 43 ft (13 m) long, and 12 ft (3.7 m) deep. The retrieval cell was excavated in the FY 93 Remote Excavation System proof-of-principle demonstration. A 1993 shallow characterization cell was added to support the Trench Dig-Face Demonstration and will be used as a calibrated test cell for future demonstrations. The dimensions of this cell are 32 ft (9.6 m) wide and 8 ft (2.4 m) long. The Cold Test Pit is being used as a simulated waste disposal area to test and demonstrate characterization, retrieval, and treatment technologies. It provides known targets and waste forms for accurate evaluation and calibration of procedures, technologies, and equipment tested. Testing at the Cold Test Pit reduces hazards to personnel and the environment otherwise unavoidable in an actual disposal area.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None, simulated waste

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Kevin Kostelnik,

Mailing Address: DOE/INEL

P.O. Box 1625

Idaho Falls, ID 83415

 $\textbf{E-Mail Address:} \ kvk@inel.gov$ 

**Telephone:** (208) 526-9642

**Fax:** (208) 526-6802

# Idaho National Engineering Laboratory

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Idaho Operations Office

Site Name and Location: Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho Falls, Idaho

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Multipurpose applied engineering and nuclear research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

1	Remediation	✓ Co	ontrol	1	Monitoring	<b>✓</b>	Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

The mission of the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory (INEL) is to develop, demonstrate, and deploy advanced engineering technologies and systems to improve national competitiveness and security; to make the production and use of energy more efficient; and to improve the quality of life and the environment. INEL is managed by Lockheed Idaho Technologies Corporation (LITCO). Lockheed promotes the development of technologies by industry and the universities. Lockheed will provide support to demonstrations within the constraints of a tight budget and the need to meet regulatory milestones.

The INEL environmental restoration program includes activities to assess and clean up inactive operations areas, including waste sites where there are known or suspected releases of harmful substances into the environment, and to safely manage contaminated surplus nuclear facilities. Three Remediation Technology Test Beds have been listed for Idaho. The test bed listed as No. 8 is an actual remediation at Test Area North. The contaminates near this facility are described in more detail under the facility description below. A ROD for the remediation has been signed and can be made available to industry representatives. The Arid Testbed (No. 19) is an experimental/demonstration site developed by the Buried Waste Integrated Demonstration Project and now managed by the Landfill Focus Area (Focus Areas are integrated project teams which currently manage the technology development program with the DOE's Office of Technology Development). The Cold Test Pit is another experimental/demonstration site developed as part of demonstration of retrieval and treatment technology which resulted in the current contract usually referenced as Pit 9.

Waste management program activities are designed to protect INEL employees, the public, and the environment through the design, construction, maintenance, and operation of treatment, storage, and disposal facilities for hazardous, transuranic, alpha contaminated and mixed high-level waste and spent nuclear fuel from military, research, and commercial sources. DOE-ID and the INEL are the lead for the Mixed Waste Focus Area. Contracts are placed with industry to demonstrate technologies which can treat the mixed waste stored at this site and others. There are no designed test beds for waste treatment but the dismantlement and the materials recycle test bed (No. 21) can support both waste treatment and remediation demonstration.

The nine major facility areas located at the INEL site are:

- · Test Area North
- Test Reactor Area
- Idaho Chemical Processing Plant
- · Central Facilities Area
- · Power Burst Facility
- Experimental Breeder Reactor I and Boiling Water Reactor Experiment
- Radioactive Waste Management Complex
- · Naval Reactors Facility
- Argonne National Laboratory West

Numerous support facilities are located in the City of Idaho Falls.

The Test Area North is located in the northern portion of the INEL site on State Highway 33 about 24 kilometers (15 miles) east of the town of Howe and 19 kilometers (12 miles) west of the town of Mud Lake. This facility area covers a total area of about 80 hectares (200 acres). Test Area North's current purpose includes handling and evaluating irradiated materials, supporting energy research and defense programs (including production of tank armor), demonstrating dry-cask storage of spent nuclear fuel, performing flow tests to support reactor safety studies, and storing spent nuclear fuel. The major facilities include the Process Experimental Pilot Plant; the Water Reactor Research Test Facility, which is used for reactor flow experiments and includes the Thermal-Hydraulic Experimental Facility Assembly and Test Building; and the Containment Test Facility, which houses the Specific Manufacturing Capability project that produces tank armor for the U.S. Army.

The Test Reactor Area's current purpose is to study the effects of radiation on materials, fuels, and equipment and to perform chemistry and physics experiments. The Test Reactor Area's major facilities include the Materials Test Reactor, the Engineering Test Reactor, the Advanced Test Reactor, four low-power reactors, and a hot-cell operation for handling highly radioactive materials. The Materials Test Reactor and Engineering Test Reactor have been deactivated and are planned for decontamination and decommissioning. The Advanced Test Reactor still is operating. It is used for materials testing under reactor conditions and for producing radioisotopes used in medicine, research, and industry. The four low-power reactors used for criticality measurements are the Engineering Test Reactor Critical Facility (in decommissioning and decontamination), the Advanced Test Reactor Critical Facility (on line), the Advanced Reactivity Measurement Facility (shutdown status), and the Coupled Fast Reactivity Measurement Facility (shutdown status).

The Idaho Chemical Processing Plant's current purpose is to receive and store DOE-assigned spent nuclear fuels; prepare high-level liquid and solid waste for disposition in a repository; develop technologies for the disposition of spent nuclear fuel, sodium-bearing waste, and high-level waste; and develop and apply technologies to minimize waste generation and manage radioactive and hazardous wastes. Storage facilities provide spent nuclear fuel storage (pools and dry storage), calcine (dry granular waste) storage (in bins), and liquid high-level waste storage (in underground tanks). Treatment facilities include a waste solidification facility for treatment of liquid high-level waste and sodium-bearing waste (New Waste Calcining Facility) and an evaporator used to concentrate low-level waste and mixed low-level waste. Another treatment facility prevents radioactive waste from being discharged to the percolation ponds and recovers nitric acid for reuse. Mixed and low-level waste is handled and stored in the Hazard-

ous and Radioactive Mixed Waste Staging Area and the Hazardous Chemical/Radioactive Waste Facility. Other operating facilities include process development and robotics laboratories.

The Central Facilities Area's purpose is to provide technical and support services for the INEL site. These services include environmental monitoring and calibration laboratories, communication systems, security, fire protection, medical services, warehouses, a cafeteria, vehicle and equipment pools, the DOE-ID West office, and bus operations. There are two waste operations facilities: the Hazardous Waste Storage Facility and the INEL Landfill Complex. The Hazardous Waste Storage Facility temporarily stores hazardous wastes pending transport to a commercial, offsite, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency-permitted treatment and disposal site. The Landfill Complex is a facility used to dispose of INEL industrial waste.

The Power Burst Facility is planned for use in a cancer research and treatment program. The reactor support facilities are being used for waste management-related research, including the development of radioactive waste volume-reduction techniques and waste immobilization research. The Power Burst Facility has four major facilities: the Waste Experimental Reduction Facility, which was designed to treat low-level and mixed low-level waste for volume reduction and removal of Resource Conservation and Recovery Act hazardous waste; the Mixed Waste Storage Facility, which provides temporary storage for mixed low-level waste; the Waste Experimental Reduction Facility Waste Storage Building, which stores waste awaiting treatment in the Waste Experimental Reduction Facility and augments the capacity of the Mixed Waste Storage Facility; and the Waste Engineering Development Facility, which is used for treatment, decontamination, and technology development activities.

Near the Power Burst Facility area is the Auxiliary Reactor Area. The Auxiliary Reactor Area's program has been phased out, and all reactors have been removed or dismantled. All remaining buildings at the Auxiliary Reactor Area have been identified for decontamination and decommissioning. All buildings in the area are vacant except for intermittent small-scale testing programs.

The Experimental Breeder Reactor I and Boiling Water Reactor Experiment facility is a National Historic Landmark.

The Radioactive Waste Management Complex provides waste management for interim storage of transuranic waste and disposal of low-level waste. It also supports research and development projects to improve treatment and interim storage of transuranic waste, low-level waste disposal, buried waste remediation technologies, and environmental remediation. Two main areas, including several major facilities, are operating; the Transuranic Storage Area and the Subsurface Disposal Area. The Transuranic Storage Area is dedicated to the management of transuranic waste, including interim storage operations, certification, technology development, and future transport to the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant. The Stored Waste Examination Pilot Plant, located in the Transuranic Storage Area, is currently on operational standby. The Transuranic Storage Area also includes the following: three asphalt transuranic storage pads, TSA-1, -2, and -3; an area that stores wastes from buried waste retrieval studies, TSA-R; and the Intermediate-Level Transuranic Storage Facility, which handles waste with radiation levels that require remote handling. The Subsurface Disposal Area is dedicated to the permanent disposal of low-level waste generated at the INEL site. Related projects support studies of buried waste, remediation technologies, and contaminant migration. The Subsurface Disposal Area includes pits, trenches, and concrete-lined and

unlined soil vaults for low-level disposal. One disposal pit (Pit 9) is the subject of a comprehensive demonstration project for buried waste remediation.

The Naval Reactors Facility is under the jurisdiction of the Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program, a joint DOE-Navy program. Its current purposes are as a research and development facility and for inspection of naval spent fuel. The major facility at the Naval Reactors Facility is the Expended Core Facility, where naval fuel and fuel from the facility itself are received and examined to support fuel development and performance analyses. The Expended Core Facility also removes structural material from the fuel assemblies prior to transferring the fuel to the Idaho Chemical Processing Plant for storage.

The Argonne National Laboratory West area is within the boundaries of the INEL site but reports to DOE's Chicago Operations Office and is managed by Argonne National Laboratory, not LITCO. The facility consists of several major complexes, including the Experimental Breeder Reactor II, the Transient Reactor Test Facility, the Zero-Power Physics Reactor, the Hot-Fuel Examination Facility, the Fuel Cycle Facility, and the Fuel Manufacturing Facility. The Experimental Breeder Reactor-II was being used to demonstrate the Integral Fast Reactor concept. The Transient Reactor Test Facility and the Zero-Power Physics Reactor are used to conduct reactor analysis and safety experiments. The Hot-Fuel Examination Facility provides a large inert-atmosphere containment for handling and examining irradiated reactor fuel. The Fuel Cycle Facility has been modified for the Integral Fast Reactor program to demonstrate remote reprocessing and refabrication in the fuel cycle. The Fuel Manufacturing Facility is used to manufacture metallic fuel elements for the fuel cycle. Support facilities at Argonne National Laboratory-West include the Radioactive Liquid Waste Treatment Facility, the Radioactive Scrap and Waste Facility, the Radioactive Sodium Storage Facility, and the Sodium Process Facility. The Radioactive Liquid Waste Treatment Facility processes low-level (aqueous) liquid waste. Transuranic waste from Argonne National Laboratory-West is stored at the Radioactive Scrap and Waste Facility. Contract-handled mixed waste is stored in the Radioactive Sodium Storage Facility (sodium contaminated), and remote-handled mixed waste is stored at the Radioactive Scrap and Waste Facility. The Sodium Process Facility was built to process reactor sodium.

The Idaho Falls Operations area includes the INEL Research Center, which is the location for research in a wide variety of disciplines and features a prominent plasma research center, biotechnical center, materials research laboratory, and measurement sciences laboratory. Other major facilities include DOE-ID office buildings, the Willow Creek Building, the INEL Supercomputing Center, the Engineering Research Office Building, and many technical support buildings.

Much of the INEL site is open space that has not been designated for specific uses. The INEL site encompasses 571,000 acres (230,000 hectares). Categories of land use at the INEL site include facility operations, grazing, general open space, and infrastructure, such as roads. Land also is used for recreation and environmental research associated with the designation of the INEL as a National Environmental Research Park. Some of this space serves as a buffer zone between INEL facilities and other land uses. About 8 percent of the total INEL site area is used; 2 percent is for facilities and operations and approximately 6 percent is devoted to public roads and utility rights-of-way that cross the site. Recreational uses include public tours of general facility areas and the Experimental Breeder Reactor I National Historic Landmark and controlled hunting, which is generally restricted to half a mile within the INEL boundary. About 60 percent of the site is used for cattle and sheep grazing. A 900-acre (400-hectare) portion of this land, located at the junction of Idaho State Highways 28 and 33, is used by the

U.S. Sheep Experiment Station as a winter feed lot for approximately 6,500 sheep. Grazing is not allowed with 2 miles (3 kilometers) of any nuclear facility and, to avoid the possibility of milk contamination by long-lived radionuclides, dairy cattle are not permitted. The INEL site is located within the Medicine Lodge Resource Area (approximately 140,415 acres or 56,800 hectares in the eastern and southern portions of the INEL site) and the Big Butte Resource Area (430,499 acres or 174,000 hectares in the central and western portions), both of which are administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Under resource management plans, portions of these resource areas are managed for grazing and wildlife habitat. No mineral exploration or development is allowed on INEL land.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Public access to most facility areas is restricted.

Technical limitations: For some waste types, there is currently no means of transport from one location to another. Demonstrations involving contaminated soil and water must have complete plans for disposal of all disturbed material and all secondary waste from the process. Plans for disposal of contaminated equipment also must be complete and the dismantlement portion of the demonstration funded. Disposal criteria for many site wastes and waste forms have not been confirmed and disposal facilities, such as the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant, have not been permitted to accept waste.

Sole-source aquifer: The INEL site overlies the Snake River Plain Aquifer, the largest aquifer in Idaho. As designated by the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. Section 1427), a sole-source aquifer is defined as one that supplies 50 percent of the drinking water consumed in the area overlying the aquifer. Sole-source aquifer areas have no alternative source or combination of sources that could physically, legally, and economically supply all who obtain their drinking water from the aquifer. Because groundwater supplies 100 percent of the drinking water consumed within the eastern Snake River Plain and an alternative drinking water source or combination of sources is not available, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency designated the Snake River Plain Aquifer a sole-source aquifer in 1991 (F.R. 1991).

Contaminants: Radionuclides released and observed in the groundwater include tritium, strontium-90, iodine-129, cobalt-60, cesium-137, plutonium-238, plutonium-239/240, and americium-241. As of 1992, concentrations of iodine-129, cobalt-60, tritium, strontium-90, and cesium-137 exceeded the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency maximum contaminant levels for radionuclides in drinking water in localized areas inside the INEL site boundary.

Sodium, chromium, lead, and mercury have been released on the INEL site and into the subsurface through unlined ponds and deep wells. Of these metals, sodium was released in the greatest quantity from water treatment processes; however, it is not considered toxic and does not have an established maximum contaminant level. In 1988, chromium concentrations exceeding the maximum contaminant level were measured near the Test Reactor Area. Lead and mercury have been observed at concentrations below the maximum contaminant level.

Chloride, sulfate, and nitrates have been released into the subsurface by human activities at the INEL site. Although chloride and sulfate have been released, only nitrate has exceeded maximum contaminant levels. Since 1988, the levels of nitrate have decreased to below the maximum contaminant level as a result of reduced disposal rates.

Concentrations of volatile organic compounds have been detected in the aquifer beneath the INEL site. Concentrations of the following compounds exceeding the maximum contaminant levels have been observed in and near the Test Area North disposal well: chloroform, 1,2-cis-dichloroethylenel 1,1-dichloroethylene, 1,2-transdichloroethylene, tricholorethylene, tetrachloroethylene, and vinyl choride. Carbon tetrachloride was in the aquifer at concentrations above the maximum contaminant level; however, this concentration was observed only once.

Perched water quality. Wastewater discharges from INEL site operations have infiltrated into the vadose zone and created locally perched water beneath the INEL site. Elevated concentrations of the following contaminants have been detected in samples collected from the following locations: tritium, cesium-137, cobalt-60, chromium, and sulfate concentrations in deep perched water near the Test Reactor Area; tritium in shallow perched water and carbon tetrachloride, chloroform, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, tricholorethylene, tetrachloroethylene, and 1,1,-dichloroethylene in deep perched water near the Radioactive Waste Management Complex; and strontium-90 in perched water near the Idaho Chemical Processing Plant.

**List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:** (1) Tritium, (2) Iodine-129, (3) NO during calcining runs. As can be inferred from the above discussion of contaminates, the major problems in terms of volume are VOC-contaminated groundwater and soils around waste management units which are contaminated with radionuclides. The list provided contains those that contribute to current risk to the public. Tritium is found at numerous locations, some of which are near the site boundaries; iodine-129 has the potential for airborne transport; and NO is released when the liquid high-level waste from past processing of Naval spent nuclear fuel is calcined into a dry waste form for interim storage.

#### **Location Point of Contact**

Name: Kathleen Hain

Mailing Address: DOE/Idaho Operations Office

785 DOE Place

Idaho Falls, ID 83401-1136

**Telephone:** (208) 526-4392 **Fax:** (208) 526-0160

## Savannah River Site

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Savannah River Site

Site Name and Location: Aiken, South Carolina

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Environmental management site

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✔ Remediation
✔ Control
✔ Monitoring
✔ Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

The Savannah River Site (SRS) is very receptive to hosting demonstrations and has extensive experience in this area. SRS is a very large (300 square miles) site located in South Carolina. The site is predominately forested. It has waste sites requiring cleanup. These sites contain volatile organic compounds, heavy metals, and radionuclides. There are gaseous and aquatic effluents from industrial operations. The site has extensive environmental monitoring instrumentation and on-site research teams to facilitate testing, demonstration, and permitting. There is an ongoing waste site closure program. The research program conducted by the technical staff includes the following general areas: plumes, landfills, mixed waste, tanks, and decontaminating and decommissioning. There are a number of buildings where innovative technologies could be safely evaluated for commercial or personnel purposes.

# List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

There are no major limitations to potential use of the site.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) Volatile organic compounds, (2) Heavy metals, (3) Radionuclides

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: John Steele

Mailing Address: Westinghouse Savannah River Site

Building 773-A Aiken, SC 29808

**E-Mail Address:** john02.steele@srs.gov

**Telephone:** (803) 725-1830 **Fax:** (803) 725-8136

# **Argonne National Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Argonne National Laboratory

**Site Name and Location:** Argonne, Illinois

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research Laboratory, Environmental Restoration Program

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- The Argonne site contains a series of small, well-characterized waste units, some with complex technical problems.
- Site geology is high in clay, limiting migration of contaminants off-site.
- Contaminated groundwater is found in shallow sand layers (less than 30 ft deep), making access for *in situ* treatment technologies or characterization technologies easier.
- There are no known releases to off-site receptors; thus, the site is in a good position for use in research and development activities.
- Tritium is present in leachate and shallow groundwater, creating opportunities for innovative ways to control tritium releases. The presence of low levels of tritium also provides an ideal tracer for groundwater migration experiments.
- Highly experienced environmental research personnel are present on site.
  - Expertise in contaminant/actinide speciation and Pu/actinide organic mixture speciation.
  - Expertise on formulation/testing of glass and other vitreous products to immobilize contaminants.
  - Established labs and microscopy techniques to determine state of hazardous/radioactive contaminants.
- The site has the capability of designing and fabricating specialized processes and equipment.
  - On-site research teams with experience in testing and demonstration.
  - Glove-box and hot-cell facilities for conducting tests and demonstrations with radioactive and hazardous materials.

#### **Environmental Technologies Testing and Demonstration Sites**

- Newly renovated waste management facility provides ability to test decontamination techniques on low-activity equipment.
- Can verify effectiveness before going to full remote-handled demonstration.
- Specialized characterization labs and a fully equipped research-quality analytical laboratory is located on site.
  - Unique instrumentation available.
  - Experienced research staff and environmental analysts available.
  - Laser spectroscopy lab.
  - Unique array of spectroscopic equipment and research expertise relevant to environmental technology development and use..
- Sodium-metal research laboratory can monitor the controlled oxidation of sodium metal in Environmental Protection Agency permitted Alkali Metal Passivation Booth for cleanup of tanks and pipes.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

The Argonne National Laboratory site is surrounded by a nature preserve which is, in turn, surrounded by rapidly developing residential and commercial areas. Many of the contaminated sites are located near the site boundary.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) Volatile organic compounds in soil and groundwater, (2) Tritium in leachate and groundwater, (3) hydrocarbons in soil and groundwater

#### **Location Point of Contact**

Name: Lawrence P. Moos

Mailing Address: Argonne National Laboratory

9700 S. Cass Avenue Argonne, IL 60439

 $\textbf{E-Mail Address:} \ lmoos@anl.gov$ 

**Telephone:** (708) 252-3455 **Fax:** (708) 252-9767

# **Western Environmental Technology Office**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Western Environmental Technology Office

Site Name and Location: Butte, Montana

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Research and development—small-scale plasma furnace

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

1	Remediation	✓ Control	Monitoring	☐ Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Operating small scale plasma centrifugal furnace with on-site research reams experienced in testing and demonstration.
- Unique offgas and emissions monitoring equipment.
- Site located within the Butte/Silver Bow Superfund Site.
- Large flexible facility with significant support (cooling water, electrical, cryogenic N<sub>Q</sub>).

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

- Rivendell Psychiatric Center proximity.
- Butte/Silver Bow Vocational Technical Center proximity.
- Zoned light industrial.
- No radioactive materials capability.
- Hazardous materials tested under treatability study.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Mel Shupe, Manager

Mailing Address: DOE/WETO

P.O. Box 3462

Butte, MT 59702

**Telephone:** (406) 494-7100 ext. 205

**Fax:** (406) 494-7290

## **Nevada Test Site**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Nevada Operations Office

Site Name and Location: Nevada Test Site (NTS), Las Vegas, Nevada

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): National Testing and Demonstration Facility

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

/	Remediation	✓ Contro	l <b>V</b> Monitoring	Avoidance
---	-------------	----------	-----------------------	-----------

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

The Nevada Test Site (NTS) comprises a 1,350-square-mile reservation of primarily undeveloped high desert land. Site contamination is very limited and tends to fall into two main categories: (1) limited areas of radioactive residue from underground tests which are deep beneath the surface and stable, and (2) limited surface and near-surface contamination, generally of a light industrial, nonradioactive nature. NTS is uniquely qualified for environmental technology development and testing by virtue of its status as a massive and secure outdoor laboratory and national experimental center, with the following assets:

- Physical size: 1,350 square miles, larger than the State of Rhode Island.
- Controlled access: Readily accessible with appropriate clearances and badges.
- Reliable security: Buffered on 3 sides by 4,120 square miles of federally controlled land (Nellis AFB).
- Predictable air: Air quality and climatology are well characterized and highly predictable.
- Predictable water: Groundwater is deep (500 to 2,000 ft), slow moving, and well characterized.
- Predictable soil: Subsurface stratigraphy well characterized.
- Undisturbed condition: 45 years of controlled access leave much of the site in pristine condition.
- Existing infrastructure: 100 miles of roads, 45 megawatts of power, two airstrips, 1,500 buildings (2.9 million sq ft).
- Population density: Located in a sparsely populated region (16,000 residents within 50 mile radius).
- Metropolitan access: Las Vegas (pop. 1,000,000) located 65 miles SE of NTS.
- Academic access: University of Nevada at Las Vegas and Desert Research Institute located in Las Vegas.
- Academic affiliations: NTS has teaming agreements with many national academic institutions.
- Designated status: Designated as a National Environmental Research Park by DOE.
- Human resources: Uniquely skilled cadre of technical testing specialists, as discussed below.

The above features provide an ideal location for environmental testing and demonstrations in a real-world outdoor setting that is at the same time a controlled environment, far from any private development or population centers. In addition to the inherent natural features of the site itself, there are several major facilities which are vital for supporting the environmental technologies testing mission. Specific facilities available for access under the DOE/NV umbrella include:

- RSL (Remote Sensing Laboratory) in North Las Vegas with state of the art capabilities in diagnostics and remote measurement technologies.
  - Complete Digital Orthophotography Laboratory
  - Optics Laboratory
  - Extensive Geophysical Modeling Laboratory
  - Global Positioning Systems
  - Geographical Information Systems
  - Multispectral Scanner Systems
  - Photo/Video Processing and Production Facility
  - Acoustics Laboratory and 10,000-cubic-foot Anechoic Chamber
  - High-Power Laser Laboratory
  - Marine Laboratory and Sensor Testing Laboratory
- STF (Spill Testing Facility) at NTS with Clean Air Act exemption status allows for efficient, timely testing and controlled releases.
  - DESIGNATED IN THE CLEAN AIR ACT AS THE ONLY FACILITY IN THE NATION AP-PROVED FOR LARGE-SCALE TESTING OF HAZARDOUS LIQUIDS AND GASES
  - Cryogenic and Pressurized Tank Farm
  - Enclosed Test Cell
  - Spill Pads
  - Variable Environment Wind Tunnel
  - Wide Array of Anemometer Stations, Meteorological Towers and Photographic Stations
  - Remote Command and Control Facility with 700-Channel Data Acquisition System
- TTF (Treatability Test Facility) at NTS with complete soils laboratory, formerly used for testing radionuclide separation technologies.
  - Soils Laboratory including Drying Furnaces
  - Radiological Counting Laboratory
  - Precision Soil Sieve/Classifier
  - Various Soil Blenders/Mixers
- STL (Special Technologies Laboratory) (affiliated facility located near Santa Barbara, California. Focus is on compact, mobile sensor system development.
  - Photonics and Laser Physics Laboratory
  - Microwave and Radar Laboratory
  - Electro-Optics Laboratory
- WAM (Washington Aerial Measurements) (affiliated facility located in Washington, D.C.)
- NeTI (Nevada Testing Institute) leverages NTS capabilities in scientific and testing technologies, with particular focus on drilling, excavation, explosive and seismic experiments.
- STI (Sustainable Technology Institute) in Las Vegas leverages NTS capabilities in scientific research and demonstration technologies, with particular focus on sustainable energy and the environment.

#### **Environmental Technologies Testing and Demonstration Sites**

- Additional Laboratories/Facilities
  - Radiological Analysis Laboratory
  - X-ray and Ultra High Frequency Laboratory
  - Vacuum Laboratory
  - Fiber-Optics Laboratory
  - Soils Testing Laboratory
  - Materials Testing Laboratory
  - Electrical and Physical Calibrations and Standards Laboratory
  - Prototype Fabrication Facilities
  - Large Scale Decontamination Facility

NTS assets also include a highly technically trained work force of engineers, scientists, craftsmen, etc., skilled in the efficient management and safe execution of potentially dangerous, sensitive, fast-track, first-of-a-kind experiments. Core competencies include an in-depth understanding of sophisticated control, sensing, measurement, analysis, and simulation techniques. Because of the nature of its 40-year testing mission, where second chances to gather data were impossible, the NTS work force has developed and institutionalized the ability to conduct successful experiments the first time, every time.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

No limitations. The remoteness of the site, the federal lands buffer, and the low population density all favor use of the site for environmental technologies testing.

**List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:** (1) Localized subsurface fission products, (2) Isolated areas with metals contamination, (3) Very small areas of plutonium-contaminated surface soil

#### **Location Point of Contact**

Name: Robert A. Hughes

Mailing Address: Bechtel Nevada

2621 Losee Road, M/S NLV022

North Las Vegas, NV 89130

**E-Mail Address:** hughesra@nv.doe.gov

**Telephone:** (702) 295-2709/1924

**Fax:** (702) 295-3020/3069

Name: Sheldon H. Freid

Mailing Address: Bechtel Nevada

2621 Losee Road, M/S NLV038 North Las Vegas, NV 89130

E-Mail Address:: freidsh@nv.doe.gov

**Telephone:** (702) 295-2708

**Fax:** (702) 295-2633

# **Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Departm	ent: DOELawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
Site Name and Location: E	Berkeley, California
Nature of Facility: (e.g., Res Base): DOE National Resea	search Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military arch Laboratory
Types of Environmental Te Many as Are Appropriate):	chnologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as
✓ Remediation □ 0	Control ✓ Monitoring □ Avoidance
	and Challenges Associated With the Site: experience in testing and demonstration. Well-characterized contamination icult to work.
List Major Limitations Asso	ociated With Potential Use of the Site: None
<b>List the Three Major Conta</b> groundwater.	minants at the Site: (1) Tritium in soil, (2) Chlorinated HC in soil and
Location Point of Contact	
Name:	Iraj Javandel
Mailing Address:	LBNL
	Cyclotron Road
	Berkeley, CA 94720
E-Mail Address:	ijavandel@lbl.gov
Telephone:	(510) 486-6106
Fax:	(510) 486-5686

# **Energy Technology Engineering Center**

Re	porting Agency/Departm	nent: DOE, E	Energy Technolog	y Engi	neering Center	
Site	e Name and Location: (	Canoga Park,	California			
	ture of Facility: (e.g., Rese): Large demonstration			ngelan	d, Demonstration	Facility, Military
	pes of Environmental Te ny as Are Appropriate):	chnologies A	appropriate for th	ne Site	(See Taxonomy A	Attached, Check as
<b>/</b>	Remediation	Monitoring	$\Box$ Control		□ Voidance	
•	t Unique Opportunities of Decontamination and de Cleanup of soil contamination Cleanup of groundwater Highly experienced persect Major Limitations Asso	commissioninated with rad contaminated onnel.	ng of numerous no lionuclides and on I with organics.	uclear i	facilities.	
Lis	t the Three Major Conta	minants at th	ne Site: (1) Radio	onuclio	les (cobalt, cesium	, strontium), (2)
	atile organic compinds (V				, ,	, , , ,
Lo	cation Point of Contact	G G 11				
		G. Subbaran				
	Mailing Address:					
		P.O. Box 793		Λ		
	E-Mail Address:	•	t, CA 01309-7930			
		(818) 586-50	•	111		
	•	(818) 586-52				
	I UA.	(010) 500 5				

# **Energy Technology Engineering Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Energy Technology Engineering Center										
Site Name and Location: Canoga Park, California										
Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Large demonstration and test facility										
Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):										
☐ Remediation	□ Control	☐ Monitoring	✓ Avoidance							

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Electric and hybred vehicles (fuel cells and flywheels)
- Alternate-fuel vehicles (hydrogen, methanol)
- Advanced ground mass transportation (bus testing)
- Fueling infrastructure (hydrogen)
- Experienced team and miles of private roads for performance tests

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: G. Subbaraman

Mailing Address: Rockwell/ETEC MC:T038

P.O. Box 7930

Canoga Park, CA 91309-7930

**E-Mail Address:** gsubbara@rdyne.rockwell.com

**Telephone:** (818) 586-5625 **Fax:** (818) 586-5118

# **Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOELawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Site Name and Location: Livermore, California

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Large volume of contaminated groundwater.
- Areas containing mixed waste; a portion of the contamination has spread off-site.
- Unique instrumentation available.
- On-site research teams available.
- Source areas clearly defined.
- High degree of subsurface characterization conducted.
- Highly heterogeneous subsurface strategraphy.
- Diverse suite of contaminants present in saturated and unsaturated sediments.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

- Highly developed industrial site with complex above- and below-ground utilities.
- Large inventory of hazardous and radioactive materials.
- Schools and residences near by.
- Portions of site under high security.
- Strict safety requirements.
- Comprehensive programmatic requirements.
- Comprehensive regulatory requirements and oversight.
- Large employee base on site.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) TCE, (2) PCE, (3) Tritium

#### **Location Point of Contact**

Name: Dorothy Bishop

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 808

Livermore, CA 94550

**E-Mail Address:** bishop2@llnl.gov **Telephone:** (510) 422-2267

Fax: (510) 422-9203

# **Stanford Linear Accelerator Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOEStanford Linear Accelerator Center (SLAC)

Site Name and Location: Menlo Park, California

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Avoidance ✓ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Extremely low permeability of contaminated media, on the order of 10-6 cm/sec, and high total dissolved solids in groundwater, up to 10,000 mg/L range.

### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

SLAC is located on prime real estate in the San Francisco Bay Area, near the Stanford University campus, businesses, and residential dwellings. Additional residential development is planned adjacent to SLAC.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) TCE, (2) DCE, (3) DCA

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Kim Efishoff

Mailing Address: 1301 Clay Street, Rm. N700

Oakland, CA 94612

E-Mail Address: kim.efishoff@oak.doe.gov

**Telephone:** (510) 637-1513 **Fax:** (510) 637-2078

# **Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOELawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Site Name and Location: Livermore, California

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** High explosives test site for DOE laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

1	Remediation	Control	<b>/</b>	Monitoring	☐ Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Six study areas within 10-square-mile area:
  - General Services Area
  - Building 834
  - Building 832 Canyon
  - East/West Firing Area
  - High Explosives Process Area
  - Pit 6
- Study area leaders, staff, and technicians with ER experience.
- Support services (plant engineering, electricians, hazards control, etc.) on site.
- Environmental investigations began in 1982. More than 700 boreholes have been drilled and 460 monitor wells installed.
- More than 8,500 groundwater samples, 5,500 soil samples, and 900 soil vapor samples have been collected and analyzed..
- Twelve distinct groundwater contaminant plumes have been identified.
- Site 300 was placed on the EPA's NPL in 1990 due to high concentrations of TCE in groundwater at Building 834, and two off-site VOC groundwater plumes at the General Services Area.
- Past and ongoing remedial activities include soil vapor and/or groundwater extraction and treatment systems, landfill and lagoon capping, inactive water supply well and drill well closures, and a number of innovative remedial technology projects such as soil heating, bioremediation, and the use of an electron accelerator and ultraviolet light to treat VOCs in soil vapor and water.
- More than 270 kg of TCE have been recovered to date. The remedial program also addresses potential impacts of contamination on two nearby private water-supply wells, which are in hydraulic communication with contaminated aquifers.
- Site 300's hydrogeology is dominated by the Miocene Neroly Formation siltstone, claystone, and variably saturated sandstone. Thin veneers of colluvium and variably saturated alluvium locally overlay bedrock.
- In the Building 834 Study Area, contaminated groundwater is confined to a perched water-bearing zone. The historical maximum total VOC concentration detected in perched groundwater is 800,000

ppb. HNAPLs are known to be present. T-BOS, a pump and seal lubricant, and diesel fuel contamination also are present as LNAPLs. An Interim record of decision was finalized in September 1995 that allows for a 3-year period of innovative remedial technologies testing.

- The General Services Area record of decision will be completed in FY 96; it will be the first record of decision finalized at Site 300.
- The Building 832 Canyon area and the East/West Firing Area are both currently in the characterization phase.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

- Remote site (13 miles west of LLNL main site).
- Semi-arid Altamont Hills (elevation 500 ft to 1,700 ft).
- Site is active explosives testing facility.
- Building 834 Study Area is in classified area (need escort if not Q cleared).

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) TCE, (2) PCE, (3) Tritium

#### **Location Point of Contact**

Name: Dorothy Bishop

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 808

Livermore, CA 94550

**E-Mail Address:** bishop2@llnl.gov

**Telephone:** (510) 422-2267 **Fax:** (510) 422-9203

## **Hanford Site**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Richland Operations Office

Site Name and Location: Hanford - Richland, Washington

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Nuclear Weapons Production Facility being remediated

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

1	Remediation	✓ Co	ontrol	1	Monitoring	<b>✓</b>	Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

The Hanford Site is 560 square miles with a wide variety of radioactive and hazardous materials which need to be remediated. There is a significant legacy of radioactive, hazardous, and mixed waste from the previous defense mission. There is a need to protect the environment from the radioactive and hazardous substances located on the site. There is a requirement to monitor the effects of the radioactive and hazardous substances on the environment. And, the cleanup efforts must avoid as much as possible the production of process-generated hazardous materials. Hanford personnel have extensive knowledge and experience in research, testing, and demonstration.

Examples of potential demonstration opportunities include the following. A more complete list can be obtained through the location point of contact.

- 1. Surface decontamination: Radioactive contamination at Hanford facilities is primarily a surface phenomena, where walls are coated with contaminants or have absorbed radioactive materials. Other hazardous materials also appear as surface films, including protective lead paints, used to cover radioactive "hot spots" from previous operations. Other inorganic and organic toxins also are found in paints and coatings. The safe, effective removal of these surface materials is a major goal in reducing operator exposure, extending the usefulness of existing facilities.
- 2. Fuel sludge removal at K basins: Fuel canisters stored in the K basins contain uranium oxide sludge. This sludge must be removed and the canisters de-watered to reduce or eliminate the radiolytic and chemical dissociation reactions which are adding a heat load to the storage facility.
- 3. Low-level mixed waste thermal treatment: This process uses private resources to treat mixed waste, remove the chemically hazardous constituents, and volume-reduce the radioactive components prior to approved disposal (burial).

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Environmental, health, and safety requirements associated with such a site due to the nature of the previous site activities.

**List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:** (1) Cesium, strontium, plutonium; (2) Nitrates, chromium, trichloroethylene; (3) Mixed waste

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: James T. Mayeda

**Mailing Address:** Technology Transfer and Infusion

Economic Transition Center Westinghouse Hanford Company

P.O. Box 1970 (H8-64) Richland, WA 99352

**Telephone:** (509) 376-6896

**Fax:** (509) 372-2454

# Oak Ridge K-25 Site Demonstration Facility

**Reporting Agency/Department:** DOE, Office of Environmental Management, Office of Technology Development

Site Name and Location: Oak Ridge K-25 Site Demonstration Facility, Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Demonstration facility; laboratory facilities; field site for testing; large, permitted buildings; stored mixed waste

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

<b>/</b>	Remediation	/	Control	<b>✓</b>	Monitoring	☐ Avoidance
----------	-------------	---	---------	----------	------------	-------------

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

The K-25 Site has a significant amount of hazardous and mixed wastes in storage in various permitted facilities. These wastes can be easily moved to a treatment unit or laboratory setup.

The K-25 Site has hosted numerous technology demonstrations associated with treatment or cleanup of hazardous or radioactive wastes. The K-25 Site has developed an infrastructure that can easily support applications of various technologies. Laboratory facilities exist for bench-scale demonstrations. Laboratory analytical capabilities exist to obtain data on treatment of wastes. Maintenance and other support personnel are available to provide services such as utilities, machine-shop support, communications, disposal of wastes, etc. A Technology Demonstration Area has been established at the K-25 Site to support field-scale demonstrations developed to treat hazardous and radiologically contaminated wastes. The Technology Demonstration Area is fenced in a manner that allows easy access for uncleared personnel visiting and working at the site.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) Uranium, (2) RCRA Listed Wastes, (3) PCBs

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Frank Van Ryn

Mailing Address: Lockheed Martin Energy Systems, Inc.

P.O. Box 2003

Oak Ridge, TN 37831-7328

E-Mail Address: xs2@ornl.gov

**Telephone:** (423) 574-1907 **Fax:** (423) 574-9786

**URL:** http://www.ornl.gov/k-25/techdemo/

## **Portsmouth Clean Site**

Reporting Agency/Department:	DOE,	Office	of Enviro	nmental	Management,	Office o	f Techn	ology
Development								

Site Name and Location: Portsmouth Clean Site in Portsmouth, Ohio

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Demonstration facility for field testing the physical operation and hydrodynamic performance of environmental restoration technologies.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

1	Remediation	□ Control	Monitoring	☐ Avoidance

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Outside limited area (no security issues).
- No contaminants (radiological or chemical).
- No underground utilities in area.
- Shallow depth to bedrock (30 ft).
- Moderately permeable sediments (silty clays, silty sands).

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Thomas Houk

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 628

X-7725 Bldg. MS-7602

Piketon, Ohio 45661

E-Mail Address: houktci@cos1.priv.ornl

**Telephone:** (614) 897-6502

**Fax:** (614) 897-3800

# **Inorganic Membrane Technology Center**

**Reporting Agency/Department:** DOE, Office of Environmental Management, Office of Technology Development

**Site Name and Location:** Inorganic Membrane Technology Center at Oak Ridge K-25 Site, Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Laboratory for research, development, testing, and demonstration of inorganic membrane technologies for environmental application. Field demonstrations sites available.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

/	Remediation	✓ Control	☐ Monitoring	✓ Avoidance
•	remediation	Control		▼ 11voluulice

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Unique research, development, testing, and manufacturing equipment for inorganic membranes.
- Demonstration sites available at the Oak Ridge K-25 Site.
- On-site research and development teams with experience in research, development, testing, demonstration, and application of inorganic membranes for environmental applications.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Users must be U.S. citizens associated with wholly owned U.S. companies. There is also a present requirement of meeting the DOE guidelines for access to Confidential Restricted Data.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) Uranium, (2) RCRA Listed Wastes, (3) PCBs

#### **Location Point of Contact**

Name: John M. Vance

Mailing Address: Lockheed Martin Energy Systems, Inc.

P.O. Box 2003

Oak Ridge, TN 37831-7271

**Telephone:** (423) 576-0159 **Fax:** (423) 576-2930

# Oak Ridge Center for Materials Characterization

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Office of Environmental Management, Office of Technology Development

Site Name and Location: Oak Ridge Center for Materials Characterization, Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Laboratory for research, development, testing, and evaluation (RDDT&E) of environmental restoration and waste management technologies; waste, waste form, and soil characterization; and performance evaluation of cleanup options.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as							
Many as Are Appropriate):							
✓ Remediation	□ Control	☐ Monitoring	☐ Avoidance				

□ Monitoring

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

The Oak Ridge Center for Materials Characterization includes extensive microstructural characterization resources (equipment and personnel) currently used to support RDDT&E of environmental restoration and waste management technologies. Equipment such as optical and electron microscopes, x-ray diffraction and microfluorescence units, and surface analysis equipment is used to give information on the amount, spatial distribution, and chemical interactions of materials within their environments. This information is indispensable in both the materials' development and in understanding the relationships of materials with their environment. The arrangement is greatly enhanced through the association of users with experts in particular areas of application.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) Uranium, (2) RCRA Listed Wastes, (3) PCBs

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: D.P. Hoffman

Mailing Address: Lockheed Martin Energy Systems, Inc.

P.O. Box 2003

Oak Ridge, TN 37831-7272

E-Mail Address: hoffmanndp@cosmail.4.ctd.ornl.gov

**Telephone:** (423) 574-3896 **Fax:** (423) 576-2820

# **Solid Waste Storage Area 6**

**Reporting Agency/Department:** DOE, Office of Environmental Management, Office of Technology Development

**Site Name and Location:** Solid Waste Storage Area 6 (SWSA 6 or WAG 6) at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Active disposal area for solid, low-level radioactive waste

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

<b>/</b>	Remediation	/	Control	<b>✓</b>	Monitoring	☐ Avoidance
----------	-------------	---	---------	----------	------------	-------------

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

SWSA 6 is available for waste-related engineering and scientific studies related to environmental management. Diverse research studies are under way to address physical and chemical means of immobilizing contaminants and preventing migration. SWSA 6 contains waste buried in trenches, auger holes, and silos, as well as waste disposed in tumuli. It is a humid site with a high water table and fractured shale and clay soil.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

**List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:** (1) Cesium and Strontium, (2) RCRA Listed Wastes, (3) PCBs

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: S.H. Stow

**Mailing Address:** Lockheed Martin Energy Systems, Inc.

P.O. Box 2008

Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6038

E-Mail Address: stowish@a1@oax Telephone: (423) 574-7830

**Fax:** (423) 576-8646

# **Subsurface Weirs at Oak Ridge National Laboratory**

**Reporting Agency/Department:** DOE, Office of Environmental Management, Office of Technology Development

Site Name and Location: Subsurface Weirs at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Weirs are below-ground rooms where groundwater can be sampled and subsurface flow conditions related to contaminant transport in humid environments can be quantitatively analyzed.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

1	Remediation	✓ Control	✓ Monitoring	☐ Avoidance

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Weirs are available for research projects dealing with shallow-groundwater flow in heterogeneous media.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: S.H. Stow

Mailing Address: Lockheed Martin Energy Systems, Inc.

P.O. Box 2008

Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6038

**E-Mail Address:** stowish@a1@oax **Telephone:** (423) 574-7830 **Fax:** (423) 576-8646

# **Bioprocessing Research and Development Facility**

**Reporting Agency/Department:** DOE, Office of Environmental Management, Office of Technology Development

**Site Name and Location:** Bioprocessing Research and Development Facility at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Bioprocessing research and development laboratories

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Advanced bioreactor systems and biological research laboratories that are supported by sterilizers and other preparative equipment and by extensive bioanalytical instrumentation. Extensive technical and scientific expertise are available.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) Volatile Organic Compounds, (2) BTEX, (3) PCBs

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Brian H. Davison

Mailing Address: Lockheed Martin Energy Systems, Inc.

P.O. Box 2008

Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6226

**E-Mail Address:** davisonbh@cosmail2.ctd.ornl.gov

**Telephone:** (423) 576-8522 **Fax:** (423) 574-6442

# **Lysimeter Facility**

<b>Reporting Agency/Department:</b> DOE, Office of Environmental Management, Office of Technology Development
Site Name and Location: Lysimeter Facility at Oak Ridge Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee
Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Lysimeter facility
Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):
✓ Remediation □ Control ✓ Monitoring □ Avoidance
List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:  A group of large lysimeters are available for use. Well-conceived lysimeter experiments can generate a fundamental understanding of the behavior of shallow land, industrial landfills and the development of applications to remediate radioactive and hazardous contaminants.
List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: James E. Thompson

Mailing Address: Lockheed Martin Energy Systems, Inc.

P.O. Box 2009

Oak Ridge, TN 37831-8156

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) Uranium, (2) PCBs, (3) Mercury

E-Mail Address: thompsonje@a1@ocb

**Telephone:** (423) 574-2503 **Fax:** (423) 574-3460

# **Bag/Box Monitor at Oak Ridge Y-12 Plant**

**Reporting Agency/Department:** DOE, Office of Environmental Management, Office of Technology Development

Site Name and Location: Bag/Box Monitor at the Oak Ridge Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): The Bag/Box Monitor is a large monitoring device, designed to screen bulky items of up to 500 lb. in weight for radioactive contamination.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control	Monitoring	☐ Avoidance
-------------------------	------------	-------------

# List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

The Bag/Box Monitor uses an array of six large plastic scintillation detectors surrounding a counting chamber (one each on the top, bottom, back, left, and right sides of the chamber, plus one in the door). The Bag/Box Monitors are equipped with either single-channel or multi-channel analyzers. It is intended that the Bag/Box Monitors be used to segregate low-level waste from non-contaminated waste in low- to medium-density materials such as paper suits, building trash, and floor sweepings. There are few monitors of this type available. They could be useful to companies dealing with radioactive material.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) Uranium

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: James E. Thompson

Mailing Address: Lockheed Martin Energy Systems, Inc.

P.O. Box 2009

Oak Ridge, TN 37831-8156

**E-Mail Address:** thompsonje@a1@ocb

**Telephone:** (423) 574-2503 **Fax:** (423) 574-3460

### **Gunite and Associated Tanks at Oak Ridge National Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Office of Environmental Management, Office of Technology Development Site Name and Location: Gunite and Associated Tanks at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Demonstration facility Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Remediation ☐ Control **✓** Monitoring ☐ Avoidance List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: Twelve 170,000-gallon tanks; four 2,000- to 4,000-gallon stainless steel tanks; and five 13,000- to 25,000-gallon carbon steel tanks are located at the site. The tanks collectively contain about 34,000 Ci of radioactive waste as dilute supernates and sludges. List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: Testing and demonstration must be compatible with planned waste management activities.

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Cavanaugh Mims

**Mailing Address:** Information Resource Center

105 Broadway

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: (1) Strontium, (2) Cesium

Oak Ridge, TN 37830

E-Mail Address: mims@ornl.gov@smtp

**Telephone:** (423) 576-9481 **Fax:** (423) 576-6074

### **Materials Research Partnership Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: DOE, Materials Research Partnership Center

Site Name and Location: Albany, Oregon

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

- Analytical and materials processing expertise.
- Minerals beneficiation expertise.
- Hazardous waste site characterization and evaluation

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

**List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:** (1) Low-level radioactive isotopes, (2) Metals powders, (3) Organics

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: William D. Riley

Mailing Address: DOE

1450 Queen Ave., SW Albany, OR 97321

E-Mail Address: riley@alrc.usbm.gov

**Telephone:** (503) 967-5851/5966

**Fax:** (503) 967-5991

**Environmental Protection Agency** 

### **National Risk Management Research Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: EPA/ORD

Site Name and Location: National Risk Management Research Laboratory, Center Hill Research

Laboratory, Cincinnati, Ohio

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research Laboratory and Demonstration Facility

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Research laboratory with analytical, biological, and soil-handling capabilities, in-house high-bay (20 ft x 95 ft x 15 ft high) with 16-ft double door warehouse, on-site hazardous waste storage, five acres of usable land site that has a hazardous waste permit.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Use generally limited to pilot-scale facilities.

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: James Horton

Mailing Address: 5995 Center Hill Avenue

Cincinnati, OH 45224

**Telephone:** (513) 569-7886 **Fax:** (513) 569-7879

# National Risk Management Research Laboratory Test and Evaluation Facility

**Reporting Agency/Department:** EPA/ORD

**Site Name and Location:** National Risk Management Research Laboratory, Test and Evaluation Facility, 1600 Gest Street, Cincinnati, Ohio

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Bench-scale and pilot plant-scale research building

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

<b>/</b>	Remediation	✔ Control	☐ Monitoring	☐ Avoidance
----------	-------------	-----------	--------------	-------------

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

State of Ohio RCRA Part A Permit for storage and treatment of 150 hazardous waste categories, RCRA Part B Permit Application submitted, RCRA Small Quantity Treatability Exemption, PCB permitting possible (under the provisions of State and Federal permits held by T&E, research and development activities may be conducted to evaluate the chemistry of pollutant destruction, pollution-control devices, and hazardous waste treatment technologies), 24,000 square feet, 30-foot high bay area plus bench-scale laboratory, wet chemistry laboratory, instrumental analysis laboratory, constant supply of municipal wastewater primary and secondary WWTP flows (hazardous wastes may be manifested in the facility and stored in permitted storage tanks up to 10,000 gallons in capacity or in container storage areas in as many as twenty 55-gallon drums), on-site machine shop, on-site contractor for research technical support, two 5-ton bridge cranes, good ventilation in high bay and once-through HVAAC filtered air in laboratory, three 16-ft by 16-ft roll-up door accesses to high bay, located in secured (24 hours a day) WWTP compound.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Import restrictions on RCRA listed dioxin and furan wastes and radioactive wastes. Usual regulations for health, safety, and environmental compliance apply. High-temperature treatment technologies excluded.

#### **Location Point of Contact**

Name: Francis L. Evans, III

Mailing Address: T&E Facility

26 W. Martin Luther King Drive

Cincinnati, OH 45268

**Telephone:** (513) 569-7051 **Fax:** (513) 569-7052

### Full Containment Facility/Andrew W. Breidenbach Research Facility

Reporting Agency/Department: EPA/ORD, National Risk Management Research Laboratory

Site Name and Location: Full Containment Facility/Andrew W. Breidenbach Research Facility, Cincinnati, Ohio

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research on highly toxic or hazardous material

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

Premediation Control Monitoring Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Facility designed for analytical and experimental work on highly toxic or hazardous materials. This includes the capability to analyze and characterize unknown waste samples from Superfund sites or other locations and the ability to conduct laboratory-scale treatment and treatment-related research on waste surrogates.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: Laboratory scale, limited space

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: John J. Convery

Mailing Address: 26 W. Martin Luther King

Cincinnati, OH 45268

**Telephone:** (513) 569-7896 **Fax:** (513) 569-7680

### Andrew W. Breidenbach Environmental Research Center

Reporting Agency/Department: EPA/ORD, National Risk Management Research Laboratory

Site Name and Location: Andrew W. Breidenbach Environmental Research Center, Cincinnati, Ohio

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research laboratory and facility

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Bioremediationand metal contamination reduction and stabilization. Organic waste removal, site characterization, and remedial technologies for hazardous waste treatment. Drinking-water research, disinfecting pilot plants, waste-water treatment technologies.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: Laboratory scale, limited space

#### **Location Point of Contact**

Name: John J. Convery

Mailing Address: 26 W. Martin Luther King

Cincinnati, OH 45268

**Telephone:** (513) 569-7896

**Fax:** (513) 569-7680

## National Risk Management Research Laboratory Air Pollution Prevention and Control Division

Reporting Agency/Department: EPA/ORD, National Risk Management Research Laboratory

**Site Name and Location:** Air Pollution Prevention and Control Division, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

<b>/</b>	Remediation	<b>✓</b>	Control	<b>✓</b>	Monitoring	<b>✓</b>	Avoidance
----------	-------------	----------	---------	----------	------------	----------	-----------

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

This site is an engineering research and development laboratory with centrally managed health, safety, and compliance. The Division has a full range of R&D laboratories, pilot plants, and analytical support facilities including:

- 1. Full RCRA-permitted combustion laboratory with five experimental systems ranging from 10<sup>5</sup> to 3 x 10<sup>6</sup> Btu/hr. The flue-gas cleaning system allows operation of the combustors in a variety of modes.
- 2. Acid gas dry scrubbing pilot plant with capacity from 50 to 2,000 ACFM of flue gas.
- 3. Multifuel mass-fed 2 x 10<sup>6</sup> Btu/hr combustor capable of burning a variety of solid fuel (e.g., coal, municipal waste, and biomass) and simulating practical time-temperature-residence time profiles. Fully supported by fuel-preparation and flue-gas cleaning systems.
- 4. ACFM Electrostatic Precipitator pilot plant capable of evaluating novel fine particle, acid gas, and dioxin control technologies.
- 5. Indoor air laboratory featuring large and small chambers and a test house with modeling and organic analytical capability to support them.
- 6. Refrigeration laboratory capable of evaluating chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) substitutes. Facilities include properties laboratory, compressor calorimeter, environmental chambers, and experimental refrigeration apparatus.
- 7. Innovative 10<sup>5</sup> Btu/hr coal-fired furnace capable of testing NO<sub>X</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and dioxin control technologies.
- 8. A variety of other fundamental laboratories supporting pilot plant work.
- 9. Chemical analytical laboratories providing organic (e.g., dioxin) and inorganic (e.g., toxic metals) instrumentation.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

All experimental plans and equipment must be reviewed by facility EHS official to ensure compliance with air, water, and RCRA permits. Equipment may be subject to inspection and certification to applicable electrical codes. Quality Assurance Plan required on all experimental work.

### **Environmental Technologies Testing and Demonstration Sites**

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: G. Blair Martin
Mailing Address: USEPA, MD 60

Research Triangle Park, NC 27711

E-Mail Address: martin.blair@a1@mail

**Telephone:** (919) 541-7504 **Fax:** (919) 541-5227

### **Other Potential Sites**

Reporting Agency/Department: EPA

**Site Name and Location:** Other potential sites

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Laboratories

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

All of EPA's laboratories contain state-of-the-art, highly specialized equipment, and many laboratories have permitted testing facilities. This includes, for example, hazardous waste test and evaluation facilities, an indoor air chamber facility, and automated test equipment. Research expertise includes studies on bioremediation and other innovative control and remediation technologies, health and ecological effects, and advanced monitoring systems.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: None

**Agency Point of Contact** 

Name: Larry Fradkin

Mailing Address: EPA/ORD

26 W. Martin Luther King Drive

Cincinnati, OH 45268

**Telephone:** (513) 569-7960

**Fax:** (513) 569-7132

<b>Department</b>	of A	aricu	lture
Denai IIIIeiii	UI A	ulicu	ıtuı 🗲

(Does not include federally related sites that conduct environmental technology testing and demonstrations)

### **Food Animal Protection Research Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Food Animal Protection Research Laboratory, College Station, Texas

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

Remediation 
Control

Monitoring

Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Site has cropland and pasture, laboratories, and available scientific expertise in food animal protection, animal physiology, pathology, microbiology, biochemistry, veterinary medicine, agricultural engineering, plant genetics, and crop pest management.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Glen W. Ivie

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SPA

Route 5, Box 810

College Station, TX 77845

**E-Mail Address:** a03faprl@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (409) 260-9372

### **Conservation and Production Research Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Conservation and Production Research Laboratory, Bushland, Texas

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

1,545 acres of cropland and pasture with on-site research team with expertise in water management, soil and crop management, and bovine respiratory disease research.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\,N/A\,$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Nolan Clark

Mailing Address: USDA, ARS

P.O. Drawer 10

Bushland, TX 79012

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcbushlan@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (806) 356-5726 **Fax:** (806) 735-6750

### **Conservation and Production Systems Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Conservation and Production Systems Research Unit, Big Spring, Texas

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

230 acres of cropland and pastures with on-site research team with expertise in conservation and production systems.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\,N/A\,$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Don Fryear

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

P.O. Box 909

Big Spring, TX 79721-0909

**E-Mail Address:** a03dwfryear@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (915) 263-0293 **Fax:** (915) 263-3154

### Rice Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

**Site Name and Location:** Rice Research Unit, Beaumont, Texas

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

USDA rice research facility.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Robert R. Cogburn

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SPA

Route 7, Box 999

Imes Road

Beaumont, TX 77713

**E-Mail Address:** a03jcbeaumon@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (409) 752-5221 **Fax:** (409) 752-5560

### **Pecan Genetics and Improvement Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service Site Name and Location: Pecan Genetics and Improvement Research Unit, Brownwood, Texas Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military **Base):** Agriculture research and development Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Avoidance **✓** Monitoring ☐ Remediation ☐ Control List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: Land, laboratories, and scientific expertise in pecan genetics and improvement research. **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:** Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed. List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A**Location Point of Contact** Name: Tommy E. Thompson

701 Woodson Rd.
Brownwood, TX 76801 **E-Mail Address:** a03lcbrownwo@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (915) 646-0593 **Fax:** (915) 646-4118

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SPA

### **Grassland Soil and Water Research Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Grassland Soil and Water Research Laboratory, Temple, Texas

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

480 acres of cropland and pasture with cattle. Long-term data sets in hydrology. On-site research team with expertise in agriculture and engineering.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\,N/A\,$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Clarence Richardson

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

808 E. Blackland Rd. Temple, TX 76502

**E-Mail Address:** a03lctemple@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (817) 770-6500 **Fax:** (817) 770-6561

### **Subtropical Agricultural Research Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Subtropical Agricultural Research Laboratory, Weslaco, Texas

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation ✓ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

115 acres of irrigated cropland with on-site research team of 30 scientists with expertise in crop quality and fruit insects, subtropical cotton insects, remote sensing research, conservation and production systems, honey bee research, and biological pest control research.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Edgar King

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

2301 S. International Blvd.

Weslaco, TX 78596

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcweslaco@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (512) 565-2606 **Fax:** (512) 565-6133

### **Livestock Insects Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

**Site Name and Location:** U.S. Livestock Insects Laboratory, Kerrville, Texas

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Research expertise in livestock insects.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Sidney E. Kunz
Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SPA

2700 Fredericksburg Road Kerrville, TX 78028-9184

**E-Mail Address:** a03lckerrvil@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (512) 745-0303 **Fax:** (512) 745-3140

### Jornado Experimental Range

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Jornado Experimental Range, Las Cruces, New Mexico

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Open Rangeland

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

193,000 acres of desert rangeland, with on-site research team.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Kris Havstad Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

P.O. Box 30003, NMSU

Dept. 3JER

Las Cruces, NM 88003-0003

**E-Mail Address:** a03lclascruc@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (505) 646-4842 **Fax:** (505) 646-5889

### **Plant Science and Water Conservation Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service Site Name and Location: Plant Science and Water Conservation Laboratory, Stillwater, Oklahoma Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military **Base):** Agriculture research and development Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Avoidance **✓** Monitoring ☐ Remediation ☐ Control List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: Land, laboratory, and research expertise in hydraulic engineering and cereal crops. **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:** Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed. List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Robert L. Burton Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SPA

> 1301 N. Western Street Stillwater, OK 74075

E-Mail Address: a03lcstillwa@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (405) 624-4126 **Fax:** (405) 372-1398

### **Southern Plains Research Station**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Southern Plains Research Station, Woodward, Oklahoma.

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Open rangeland with research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

4,950 acres of open prairie with on-site research team.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Phillip Sims

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

2000 18th Street

Woodward, OK 73801

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcwoodwar@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (405) 256-7449 **Fax:** (405) 256-1322

### Forage and Livestock Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Forage and Livestock Research Unit, El Reno, Oklahoma

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Rangeland, cropland, and pasture

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

6,800 acres of open rangeland with pasture, cropland, and river bottom lands

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Sam Coleman

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

P.O. Box 1199

El Reno, OK 73036

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcelreno@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (405) 262-5291 **Fax:** (405) 262-1330

### South Central Agricultural Research Laboratory

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Elbert V. Wann

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ USDA/ARS/SPA$ 

P.O. Box 159 3 West

Lane, OK 64555

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcland@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (405) 889-7395 **Fax:** (405) 889-5783

### **National Agricultural Water Quality Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: National Agricultural Water Quality Laboratory, Durant, Oklahoma

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Land, laboratory, and scientific expertise in soil and water resources and water quality research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Billy B. Barnes

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SPA

P.O. Box 1430

Durant, OK 74702

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcdurant@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (405) 924-5066 **Fax:** (405) 924-5307

### **South Central Family Farms Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: South Central Family Farms Research Unit, Booneville, Arkansas

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

2,200 acres under long-term lease from State of Arkansas, mostly in pasture. On-site research team with expertise in agriculture and livestock.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Michael Brown

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

Rt. 2, Box 144A

Booneville, AR 72927-9214

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcboonevi@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (501) 675-3834 **Fax:** (501) 675-2940

### **Horticultural Crops Research Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Horticultural Crops Research Laboratory, Fresno, California

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

154 acres owned by USDA plus other parcels leased from the University of California system, with an on-site research team of about 30 scientists. All irrigated cropland.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\,N/A\,$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Patrick Vail

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

2021 S. Peach Ave.

Fresno, CA 93727

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcfresno@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (209) 453-3005 **Fax:** (209) 563-3011

### **Western Human Nutrition Research Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service Site Name and Location: Western Human Nutrition Research Center, San Francisco, California Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research laboratory Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Avoidance **✓** Monitoring ☐ Remediation ☐ Control List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: Large laboratory devoted to the study of human nutrition with expertise in biochemistry, physiology, and medical technology. List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed. List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A**Location Point of Contact** Name: James M. Iacono Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/PWA P.O. Box 29997

Presidio of San Francisco, CA 94129

**Telephone:** (415) 556-9697

### **Western Regional Research Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Western Regional Research Center, Albany, California

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

Remediation	$\square$ Control	✓ Monitoring	<b>/</b>	<b>A</b> voidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Large regional center including the Plant Gene Expression Center and scientific expertise in food safety research, cereal product utilization research, crop improvement research, and process chemistry and engineering.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Antoinete A. Betschart

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/PWA

800 Buchanan Street

Albany, CA 94710

**E-Mail Address:** a03dirwrrc@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (510) 559-5600 **Fax:** (510) 559-5963

### **Aquatic Weeds Control Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Aquatic Weeds Control Research Unit, Davis, California

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Associated with the University of California at Davis, expertise in aquatic weeds control, crop pathology and genetics and germplasm preservation.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Lars W. Anderson

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/PWA

University of California

Botany Dept.

Davis, CA 95616

**E-Mail Address:** a03anderson@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (916) 752-6260 **Fax:** (916) 752-5410

### **Small Grains and Potato Germplasm Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Small Grains and Potato Germplasm Research Unit, Aberdeen, Idaho

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

□ Remediation □ Control ✔ Monitoring ✔ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Descense conducted in small grains and notate garmalesm

Research conducted in small grains and potato germplasm.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Darrell Wesenberg

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ USDA/ARS/PWA$ 

P.O. Box 307

Aberdeen, ID 83210

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcaberdee@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (208) 397-4162 **Fax:** (208) 397-4165

### **Sheep Experiment Station**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: U.S. Sheep Experiment Station, DuBois, Idaho

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Open rangeland

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

52,000 acres of sagebrush rangeland at elevations of 5,500 to 8,500 feet. On-site research team.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: John Walker

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

HC 62, Box 2010

DuBois, ID 83423-9602

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcdubois@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (208) 374-5306 **Fax:** (208) 374-5582

### **Soil and Water Management Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Soil and Water Management Laboratory, Kimberly, Idaho

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

74 acres of irrigated cropland with watersheds and on-site research team.

### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: David Carter

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

3793 N. 3600 E

Kimberly, ID 83341

**E-Mail Address:** a03lckimberl@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (208) 423-5582 **Fax:** (208) 587-6555

### Range and Meadow Management Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Range and Meadow Management Research Unit, Burns, Oregon

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Open rangeland

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

13,400 acres of open rangeland with on-site research team. Weather records.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Tony Svejcar

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

Star Rt. 1, 4.5 Hwy. 205

Burns, OR 97720

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcburns@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (503) 573-2064 **Fax:** (503) 573-3042

## **Vegetable and Forage Crops Production Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Vegetable and Forage Crops Production Research Unit, Prosser, Washington

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military
Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

Remediation

Control

Monitoring

Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in irrigated agriculture especially vegetable and forage crops.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: John M. Kraft

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/PWA

Rt. 2, Box 2958-A

Prosser, WA 99350-9687

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcprosser@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (509) 786-3454 **Fax:** (509) 786-4635

## Wheat Genetics, Quality, Physiology, and Disease Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service **Site Name and Location:** Wheat Genetics, Quality, Physiology, and Disease Research Unit, Pullman, Washington Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Agriculture research and development Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance ☐ Remediation ☐ Control List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: In addition to expertise in wheat, animal diseases research also is conducted at Pullman. **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:** Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed. List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Robert E. Allan

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/PWA

Washington State University Johnson Hall, Rm. 209 Pullman, WA 99164-6420

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcpullman@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (509) 335-8663 **Fax:** (509) 335-6669

### Forage Seed and Cereal Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Forage Seed and Cereal Research Unit, Corvallis, Oregon

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Resident expertise in forage seed and cereal research, horticultural crops, and the National Clonal Germplasm Repository.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\ensuremath{N/A}$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Lloyd F. Elliott

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/PWA

3450 SW. Campus Way

Corvallis, OR 97331-7102

**E-Mail Address:** a03sprc@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (503) 750-8722 **Fax:** (503) 750-8750

### Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit, Pendleton, Oregon

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in soil and water conservation with microbiologists, soil scientists, agronomists, agricultural engineers, and mathematicians.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Elizabeth L. Klepper

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/PWA

P.O. Box 370

Pendelton, OR 97801

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcpendlet@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (503) 276-3811 **Fax:** (503) 278-4188

### **Northern Plains Experimental Range**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

**Site Name and Location:** Northern Plains Experimental Range, Ft. Collins, Colorado

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Open Rangeland

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

16,000 acres of shortgrass prairie

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Gary Frasier

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ USDA/ARS$ 

1701 Center Avenue Ft. Collins, CO 80526

**Telephone:** (303) 498-4232

**Fax:** (303) 482-2909

#### **Natural Resources Research Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service Site Name and Location: Natural Resources Research Center, Akron, Colorado Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military **Base):** Agriculture research and development Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Avoidance ☐ Control **✓** Monitoring ☐ Remediation List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: Expertise in soil and plant research. **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:** Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed. List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: William E. Beard Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/NPA

P.O. Box 400

Akron, CO 80702-0400

 $\textbf{E-Mail Address:} \ a03l cakron@attmail.com$ 

**Telephone:** (303) 345-2259 **Fax:** (303) 345-2088

### Range and Livestock Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Range and Livestock Research Unit, Miles City, Montana

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Open Rangeland

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

55,300 acres of rangeland with on-site research team.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Rod Heitschmidt

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

Rt. 1, Box 2021

Miles City, MT 59301-9202

**E-Mail Address:** a03aomilecty@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (406) 232-4970

**Fax:** (406) 232-6375

#### **Meat Animal Research Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: U.S. Meat Animal Research Center, Clay Center, Nebraska

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

\*\*Remediation\*\*

\*\*Control\*\*

\*\*Monitoring\*\*

| Avoidance\*\*

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in animal research with emphasis on reproduction, biological engineering, production systems, genetics and breeding, and animal health systems.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Danny Laster

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

P.O. Box 166, State Spur 18D

Clay Center, NE 68933

E-Mail Address: a03dirclay@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (402) 762-4100 **Fax:** (402) 762-4148

### Rangeland Resource Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Rangeland Resource Research Unit, Cheyenne, Wyoming

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Open rangeland, research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

2,880 acres of open rangeland with laboratory facilities and on-site research team. Long-term data sets relating to vegetation and grazing.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\,N/A\,$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Gerald Schuman

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

8408 Hildreth Road Cheyenne, WY 82009

**E-Mail Address:** a03aocheyene@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (307) 772-2433 **Fax:** (307) 637-6124

### **Anthropod-Borne Animal Disease Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service Site Name and Location: Anthropod-Borne Animal Disease Research Unit, Laramie, Wyoming Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military **Base):** Agriculture research and development Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): **✓** Monitoring ✓ Avoidance ☐ Remediation ☐ Control List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: Expertise in microbiology research. **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:** Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed. List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Frederick R. Holbrook
Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/NPA

P.O. Box 3965

University Station
Laramie, WY 82071-3965

**E-Mail Address:** a03lclaramie@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (307) 766-3600 **Fax:** (307) 766-3500

### **Red River Valley Agricultural Research Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Red River Valley Agricultural Research Center Fargo, North Dakota

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in animal metabolism, biology, genetics, and cereal crops research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Don C. Zimmerman

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/NPA/NCL

1307 N. 18 St. P.O. Box 577

Fargo, ND 58105-5677

E-Mail Address: a03lcfargo@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (701) 239-1370 **Fax:** (701) 239-1395

### **Beltsville Agricultural Research Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Beltsville Agricultural Research Center, Beltsville, Maryland

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratories

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

7,200 acres of cropland, pasture, and livestock facilities with several on-site research teams with expertise in agriculture.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\,N/A\,$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: K.D. Murrell

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/BA

Bldg. 003, Room 223

**BARC-West** 

Beltsville, MD 20705

E-Mail Address: a03adba@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (301) 504-6078 **Fax:** (301) 504-5863

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

### Foreign Disease-Weed Science Research Unit

Site Name and Location: Foreign Disease-Weed Science Research Unit, Frederick, Maryland

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in plant pathology and microbiology research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Patricia L. Freaner Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/NAA

Fort Detrick, Bldg. 1301 Frederick, MD 21702

E-Mail Address: a03lcfrederi@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (301) 619-2922 **Fax:** (301) 619-2880

#### **Plum Island Animal Disease Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Plum Island Animal Disease Center, Greenport, New York

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in molecular biology, microbiology, and molecular pathology.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Roger Breeze

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/NAA/PIADC

P.O. Box 848

Greenport, NY 11944

**E-Mail Address:** a03rpdpiadc@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (516) 323-2500

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcbeckley@attmail.com

**Fax:** (304) 253-7705

**Telephone:** (304) 252-6426

### **Appalachian Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service Site Name and Location: Appalachian Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit, Beckley, West Virginia Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Agriculture research and development Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance ☐ Remediation ☐ Control List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: Expertise in soil, water, and plant research. List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site: Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed. List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A**Location Point of Contact** Name: Paul R. Murrmann Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/NAA P.O. Box 867 Airport Road Beckley, WV 25802-0867

### **Appalachian Fruit Research Laboratory**

Site Name and Location: Appalachian Fruit Research Laboratory, Kearneysville, West Virginia

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Expertise in fruit production and storage research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Stephen S. Miller

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/NAA

45 Wiltshire Rd.

Kearneysville, WV 25430

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcafrs@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (304) 725-3451

**Fax:** (304) 728-2340

#### **Food Science Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Food Science Research Unit, Raleigh, North Carolina

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in food and plant science research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Henry P. Fleming

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SAA

322-A Schaub Hall

North Carolina State University

Box 7624

Raleigh, NC 27695-7624

 $\textbf{E-Mail Address:} \ a03rlfs@attmail.com$ 

**Telephone:** (919) 515-2979

# **Southern Piedmont Conservation Research Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Southern Piedmont Conservation Research Laboratory, Watkinsville, Georgia.

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

960 acres in pasture, cropland, and forest. On-site research team with expertise in agriculture and engineering.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\,N/A\,$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Jean Steiner

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

1420 Experiment Station Rd. Watkinsville, GA 30677

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcwatkins@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (706) 769-5631 **Fax:** (706) 769-8962

#### Fruit and Nut Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Fruit and Nut Research Unit, Byron, Georgia

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

Remediation 
Control Monitoring Monitoring

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in plant pathology and biology research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Ray H. Adams

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SAA

P.O. Box 87

Byron, GA 31008

**E-Mail Address:** a03aobyron@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (912) 956-5656 **Fax:** (912) 956-2929

#### **Plant Introduction Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service Site Name and Location: Plant Introduction Research Unit, Griffin, Georgia Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military **Base):** Agriculture research and development Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): ✓ Avoidance **✓** Monitoring ☐ Remediation ☐ Control List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: Expertise in plant research including pathology, agronomy, and biology. **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:** Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed. List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Stephen Kresovich Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SAA

1109 Experiment Street

Redding Bldg.

University of Georgia

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcgriffin@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (770) 228-7254 **Fax:** (770) 229-3323

#### **Peanut Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Peanut Research Unit, Dawson, Georgia

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in peanut research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Richard J. Cole

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SAA

1011 Forrester Dr., SE Dawson, GA 31742

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcdawson@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (912) 995-4441 **Fax:** (912) 995-5611

# **Citrus and Subtropical Fruits Quality Improvement Unit**

Reporting Agency/Departm	nent: USDA, Agricultural Research Service
Site Name and Location: (Florida	Citrus and Subtropical Fruits Quality Improvement Unit, Winter Haven,
Nature of Facility: (e.g., Res Base): Agriculture research	search Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military and development
Types of Environmental Tec Many as Are Appropriate):	chnologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as
☐ Remediation ☐ C	Control □ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance
<b>List Unique Opportunities a</b> Expertise in citrus chemistry	and Challenges Associated With the Site:  and biology research.
•	ociated With Potential Use of the Site: all study sites cannot be disturbed.
ist the Three Major Conta	minants at the Site: N/A
Location Point of Contact	
	Jacquelyn L. Olinger
Mailing Address:	
	P.O. Box 1909
E Mail Addison	Winter Haven, FL 33880
	a03lcwinterh@attmail.com
•	(813) 293-4133
Fax:	(813) 299-8678

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

### **Subtropical Horticulture Research Unit**

Site Name and Location: Subtropical Horticulture Research Unit, Miami, Florida

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in subtropical horticulture research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Jennifer L. Sharp

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ USDA/ARS/SAA$ 

13601 Old Cutler Rd. Miami, FL 33158

E-Mail Address: a03lcmiami@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (305) 238-9321

### **Vegetable Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Vegetable Research Unit, Charleston, South Carolina

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in vegetable research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Claude E. Thomas

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SAA

2875 Savannah Hwy.

Charleston, SC 29414

**E-Mail Address:** a03lccharle@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (803) 556-0840 **Fax:** (803) 763-7013

### **Cotton Quality Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Cotton Quality Research Unit, Clemson, South Carolina

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in cotton research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Charles K. Bragg

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SAA

P.O. Box 792

Clemson, SC 29631

**E-Mail Address:** a03aoclemson@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (803) 656-2488

#### Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit, Florence, South Carolina

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in soil and water research and also cotton production research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Patrick G. Hunt

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/SAA

Darlington Hwy.

Box 3039

Florence, SC 29502

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcflorence@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (803) 669-5203 **Fax:** (803) 669-6970

### **Sugarcane Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Sugarcane Research Unit, Houma, Louisiana

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in sugarcane and agricultural plant research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Benjamin L. Legendre

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/MSA

P.O. Box 470

Houma, LA 70361

E-Mail Address: a03lchouma@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (504) 872-5042

**Fax:** (504) 868-6389

#### Soil and Water Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Soil and Water Research Unit, Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in soil and water research and also honey bee breeding, genetics, and physiology.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Guye H. Willis

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/MSA

P.O. Box 225071

Baton Rouge, LA 70894-5071

**E-Mail Address:** a03lcbatroug@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (504) 387-2783

**Fax:** (504) 389-0326

### **Southern Regional Research Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Southern Regional Research Center, New Orleans, Louisiana

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in plant management, fiber physics and biochemistry, textile finishing chemistry, and food quality research.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\,N/A\,$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Peter B. Johnsen

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/MSA

1100 Robert E. Lee Blvd.

P.O. Box 19687

New Orleans, LA 70179

E-Mail Address: a03ffqsrrc@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (504) 286-4421

### **National Sedimentation Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: National Sedimentation Laboratory, Oxford, Mississippi

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Over 6,000 acres of rural farmland under long-term lease from Mississippi State University, 10 percent cropland, 40 percent pasture, 40 percent forest. On-site research team with expertise in hydrology and engineering.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: George Foster

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

P.O. Box 1157

Oxford, MS 38655

**E-Mail Address:** a03eproxford@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (601) 232-2900 **Fax:** (601) 232-2915

**Fax:** (601) 323-9150

### **Cotton Host Plant Resistance Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service Site Name and Location: Cotton Host Plant Resistance Research Unit, Mississippi State, Mississippi Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military **Base):** Agriculture research and development Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): **✓** Monitoring ✓ Avoidance ☐ Remediation ☐ Control List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site: Expertise in crop science research. **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:** Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed. List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A**Location Point of Contact** Name: Johnie N. Jenkins Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/MSA P.O. Box 5367 Mississippi State University, MS 39762 E-Mail Address: a03csrlmsu@attmail.com **Telephone:** (601) 323-2230

### **Erosion Process Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Erosion Process Research Unit, Oxford, Mississippi

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in sedimentation, erosion, and watershed research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: George R. Foster

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/MSA

P.O. Box 1157

Oxford, MS 38655

**E-Mail Address:** a03eproxford@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (601) 232-2900

**Fax:** (601) 232-2915

### North Appalachian Experimental Watershed

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: North Appalachian Experimental Watershed, Coshocton, Ohio.

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

1,047 acres owned by ARS or leased from the county, including cropland, pasture and forest. On-site research team with expertise in hydrology and agriculture.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site:  $\,N/A\,$ 

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Joe Edwards

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

State Rte. 621, P.O. Box 478

Coshocton, OH 43812

**E-Mail Address:** a03lccoshon@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (614) 545-6349 **Fax:** (614) 545-5125

### Soil Management Research Unit

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Soil Management Research Unit, Morris, Minnesota

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in plant and soil management research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Ward B. Voorhees
Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/MWA

Conservation Research Laboratory

Morris, MN 56267

**E-Mail Address:** a031cmorris@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (612) 589-3411 **Fax:** (612) 589-3787

#### **National Animal Disease Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service Site Name and Location: National Animal Disease Center, Ames, Iowa Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military **Base):** Research laboratory Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate): **✓** Monitoring ✓ Remediation ✓ Control ☐ Avoidance List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Large research laboratory specializing in diseases of domestic livestock. Expertise in metabolic diseases, immunology, and bacterial research, pathology, veterinary medicine, and parasitology.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Thomas Walton

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/NADC

2300 Dayton Ave. Ames, IA 50010

**E-Mail Address:** a03dirnadc@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (515) 239-8201 **Fax:** (515) 239-8458

# **National Soil Tilth Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: National Soil Tilth Laboratory, Ames, Iowa

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Research laboratory

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation
✓ Control
✓ Monitoring
✓ Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

278 acres of watersheds and cropland with on-site research team with expertise in agronomy, hydrology, and engineering.

## List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Jerry Hatfield

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS

2150 Pammel Drive Ames, IA 50011-4420

**E-Mail Address:** a03dirnstl@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (515) 294-5723 **Fax:** (515) 294-8125

# **Field Crops Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Field Crops Research Unit, Ames/Ankeny, Iowa

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in agricultural plant and soil research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Keith Bidne

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/MWA

1575 Agronomy Bldg. Iowa State University Ames, IA 50011

**E-Mail Address:** a03rlfcr@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (515) 294-3122 **Fax:** (515) 294-9359

# **Biological Control of Insects Research Unit**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: Biological Control of Insects Research Unit Columbia, Missouri

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

**Base):** Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation	$\square$ Control	Monitoring	~	Avoidance
---------------	-------------------	------------	---	-----------

List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Expertise in insect microbiology research.

List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Existing experiment and small study sites cannot be disturbed.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Arthur H. McIntosh

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/MWA/BCI

P.O. Box 7629

Columbia, MO 65205

E-Mail Address: a03rlbci@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (314) 875-5361 **Fax:** (314) 75-4261

# **National Center for Agricultural Utilization Research**

Reporting Agency/Department: USDA, Agricultural Research Service

Site Name and Location: National Center for Agricultural Utilization Research, Peoria, Illinois

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military

Base): Agriculture research and development

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

☐ Remediation ☐ Control ✓ Monitoring ✓ Avoidance

## List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Major national research center focusing on new uses for agricultural products such as biomedical supplies from corn starch.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Proposed research cannot interfere with on-going efforts.

List the Three Major Contaminants at the Site: N/A

**Location Point of Contact** 

Name: Richard L. Dunkle

Mailing Address: USDA/ARS/MWA/NCAR

1815 N. University Street

Peoria, IL 61604

**E-Mail Address:** a03dirncaur@attmail.com

**Telephone:** (309) 685-4011 **Fax:** (309) 360-7226

**Department of Defense** 

# **Groundwater Remediation Field Laboratory**

Reporting Agency/Department: United States Air Force

Site Name and Location: Groundwater Remediation Field Laboratory, Dover Air Force Base, Delaware

**Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base):** The Groundwater Remediation Field Laboratory (GRFL) will support the development, testing, and demonstration of technologies for characterizing, monitoring, and remediating contaminated soils and groundwater, primarily *in situ*. The demonstrations are conducted in areas where both fuels and solvents contamination exists. The research emphasis will be on the development of technologies to treat dense nonaqueous phase liquids (DNAPLs). A unique feature of the GRFL will be the ability to conduct experimental, contained releases of contaminants.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as
Many as Are Appropriate):

<b>/</b>	Remediation	$\Box$ Control	Monitori	ring $\square$ Avoida	ance
----------	-------------	----------------	----------	-----------------------	------

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Occupies approximately 3,700 acres and is home to the 436th Military Airlift Wing, which operates and maintains 36 C-5 Galaxy transport aircraft.

The hydrogeology of the Dover AFB area is composed of the Columbia (Pleistocene) Formation, which forms a water table aquifer overlying the Calvert (Miocene) Formation. The lithology of the Columbia Formation is composed of medium to coarse sands with some silt and gravel. Depth to the water table ranges from 10 to 12 feet below the ground surface. The depth to the Calvert Formation is approximately 35 to 40 feet below ground surface. This unit is composed of marine, estuarine, and delta plain silty clays, and forms an aquitard. The topography of this area of Delaware is flat cropland with some hardwood forests. Monthly average temperatures range from 25 to 67 degrees F, with annual average of 45 degrees F. Annual average precipitation is 40.4 in, with August being the wettest month. Summers are warm and humid. Winters can be cold, but are generally mild.

## List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Soil and groundwater contamination consists of fuels (JP-4) and solvents, including NAPLs. Discrete fuels plumes, as well as mixed solvent, fuel, and oil plumes exist and are well characterized. The experimental contained release facility is being constructed at an uncontaminated site and will be used for research on the fate, transport, monitoring, and Remediation of DNAPL contamination.

**Location Point of Contact:** 

Name: Mark H. Smith

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ Armstrong \ Laboratory$ 

**Environics Directorate** 

139 Barnes Drive, Bldg 1120, Suite 2

Stop 37

Tyndall AFB, FL 32403-5323

**Telephone:** (904) 283-6126

**Fax:** (904) 283-6286

# **Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant**

Reporting Agency/Department: United States Army

Site Name and Location: Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant, Shreveport, Louisiana

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): This site is used to demonstrate systems for remediating soils and groundwater contaminated with heavy metals, volatile organic compounds, and explosives, using in situ and ex situ techniques.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

Remediation 

Control 

Monitoring 
Avoidance

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Site consists of 14,974 acres of land, of which 80 percent is woodlands and 20 percent production lines and mission support facilities. LAAP is a U.S. Army Armament, Munitions and Chemical Command facility that is operated under contractual agreement with the Thiokol Corporation. The site is currently on modified caretaker status. Past operations at the site have included the manufacture of shell metal parts to Load-Assemble-Pack (LAP) ammunition items.

Soils in the demonstration area are generally sandy loam underlain by clayey sand. There are two aquifers underlying the demonstration area. The depth to ground water in the shallow, unconfined aquifer ranges from 7 to 20 ft. The depth to water in the lower, artesian aquifer is 130 to 260 ft. Average monthly temperatures range from 47 to 83 degrees F, with an annual average temperature of 66 degrees F. August and September are the driest months, while April is the wettest. Annual average precipitation is 44.7 in.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

This site was placed on the National Priorities List in October, 1984 due to groundwater contamination from the Area P lagoons. Investigations showed that the upper aquifer is contaminated with explosives; however, no contamination was found in the deeper aquifer, which is the drinking water source for LAAP. The Area P lagoons received explosives-contaminated wastewater (pink water) from various manufacturing operations during the 1940s; they were officially closed in August of 1990, however, the groundwater beneath Area P is thought to be contaminated with explosives. An RI/FS identified six other areas of concern at the LAAP, including two burning grounds, a landfill, an oily waste landfarm, an electroplating waste lagoon, and a chromium etching facility. Soils and groundwater are contaminated with metals (thallium, lead, arsenic and chromium), explosives (TNT, DNT, tetryl, RDX, and HMX and various related nitroaromatic compounds), and solvents.

**Location Point of Contact:** 

Name: Erik B. Hangeland

Mailing Address: Bldg. 4430

U.S. Army Environmental Center

SFIM-AEC-ETP

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

**Telephone:** (410) 612-6858 **Fax:** (410) 612-6836

## McClellan Air Force Base

Reporting Agency/Department: United States Air Force

Site Name and Location: McClellan Air Force Base, Sacramento, California

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): This site is used to demonstrate systems for remediating soils and groundwater contaminated with solvents, using *in situ* and *ex situ* techniques.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):				
✓ Remediation	☐ Control	☐ Monitoring	☐ Avoidance	

## List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

The main base facility includes 2,949 contiguous acres. Its current primary mission is management, maintenance, and repair of aircraft, electronics, and communication equipment. The base was and is engaged in a wide variety of operations involving the use, storage and disposal of hazardous materials. These include industrial solvents, caustic cleaners, electroplating chemicals, heavy metals, polychlorinated biphenyls, low-level radioactive wastes and a variety of fuel oils and lubricants. Approximately 250 waste sites, potential release locations, and other areas that warrant investigation have been identified. The base has a large operational soil vapor extraction (SVE) system in place and is currently establishing other SVE units throughout the base. There is also an operable groundwater treatment plant that treats extracted ground water.

The base is located on an alluvial plain which was created by the deposition of sediments eroded from the Sierra Nevada. The land surface slopes gently. Soils in the vicinity of the base are derived from the weathering of alluvial material that is principally granitic in origin. The stratigraphy beneath the base is complex, as is typical of heterogeneous fluvial deposits. Typical sediments present are sands, silts, clays, and, rarely, gravels. The groundwater level is about 100 ft below land surface. The climate is characterized by hot, dry summers and cool, moist winters. Average monthly temperatures vary from 45 to 75 degrees F, with an annual average of 60 degrees F. Annual precipitation is 17.2 in, with January being the wettest month.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Groundwater contamination consists of volatile organic compounds and metals. Contaminants consistently detected include: benzene, carbon tetrachloride, TCE, vinyl chloride, 1,1-DCE, 1,2-DCE, 1,2 DCA, TCE, acetone, bromodichloromethane, 2-butanone, 1,1-DCA, 4-methyl-2-pentanone, toluene, and trichlorofluoromethane. The contaminant having the greatest spatial extent is TCE. Approximately 660 acres of the base are underlain by plumes having TCE concentrations above the drinking water standard. Soils contamination consists principally of chlorinated hydrocarbons (including many of the same compounds listed for groundwater). The known areal extent of soils contamination is about 370 acres.

**Location Point of Contact**:

Name: Bud Hoda

 $\textbf{Mailing Address:} \ \ M\text{-}ALC/EM$ 

5050 Dudley Blvd., Suite 3

McClellan AFB, CA 95652-1389

**Telephone:** (916) 643-1742

**Fax:** (916) 643-0827

**Fax Alternate:** (916) 643-5880

## **Naval Construction Battalion Center**

Reporting Agency/Department: United States Navy

Site Name and Location: Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme, California

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): Demonstration facility used to demonstrate systems for characterization and remediating soils, sediment, and groundwater contaminated with fuel hydrocarbons and waste oil, using either in situ or ex situ techniques.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

Remediation 
Control 
Monitoring 
Avoidance

## List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Site consists of 1,647 acres of coastal land. A 3.8-acre *ex situ* soil remediation facility was built on the base where gasoline- and diesel-contaminated soil was stockpiled for controlled tests. A 300-ft x180-ft x2-ft impoundment area within the facility has been constructed to assure all rainwater and test fluids are captured and monitored for contamination levels before discharge. Facility is monitored to detect any contamination migration from the site. In addition to the *ex situ* site, several isolated sites have been identified for *in situ* demonstrations of characterization and remedial technologies for contaminated soil, groundwater, harbors, canals, and wetlands. A three-dimensional monitoring network with long-term data retrieval is available for data comparison.

The ground surface is relatively flat, and is underlain by approximately 300 ft of unconsolidated clay, silt, sand, and gravel of Holocene age that overlie clay, shale, and sandstone deposits of Pleistocene and older ages. The geology, within 30 ft of the surface, consists of unconsolidated sands, silts, and clays with minor amounts of gravel and fill material. A semi-perched aquifer is the uppermost groundwater unit present beneath the site. The aquifer is contained within the first three depositional soil units, consisting of an upper silty sand unit, an underlying fine- to coarse-grained sand unit, and a basal clay unit. In general, groundwater within this aquifer flows southwest, with gradients ranging from approximately .001 to .003 ft/day. The site experiences a moderately dry climate with mild, moist winters, and warm, dry summers.

#### List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

Primary contaminants consist of diesel, gasoline and waste oil. Secondary contaminants consist of pesticides, transformer fluid containing PCBs, metals (As, Be, Mn, Ni, Sb), acids, solvents and materials from firefightier training burnsites. Contaminants identified in harbor and canal water and sediments include waste oils, detergents, solvents, PCBs, metals (Cu, Zn), benzoic acid, and pesticides.

**Location Point of Contact**:

Name: Ernest Lory

Mailing Address: Naval Facilities Engrg.Svc. Ctr.

Port Hueneme, CA 93043

**Telephone:** (805) 982-1299

**Fax:** (805) 982-4304

**Fax Alternate:** (805) 982-1418

# **Volunteer Army Ammunition Plant**

Reporting Agency/Department: United States Army Environmental Center

Site Name and Location: Volunteer Army Ammunition Plant, Chattanooga, Tennessee

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): This site is used to demonstrate systems (physical, chemical, and biological) for remediating soils and groundwater contaminated with heavy metals and explosives, using either *in situ* or *ex situ* techniques.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):

✓ Remediation □ Control □ Monitoring □ Avoidance

## List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

The plant consists of 6,546 acres of land and facilities used for manufacture of bulk TNT. The government-owned, contractor-operated facility is currently maintained in inactive status for possible resumed production of TNT. Some of the remnants of 19 batch nitration lines (last used in 1975) were removed for construction of the newer (1974) continuous lines. TNT production at the installation ended in 1977. The area selected for demonstrations contains the former batch nitration lines (although no tests are planned near the newer continuous lines), the World War II landfill, World War II burning ground and the Redwater Treatment Plant Area.

Soil in this area is primarily of the Fullerton group, is strongly acidic (pH 5), and is of generally undulating terrain. The topsoil consists of 8 to 18 in of brownish-gray cherty silt loam. The subsoil consists of 10 to 32 in of yellowish-red silty clay loam, which has slow internal drainage. The soil contains chert fragments and is highly susceptible to erosion. Soil thickness varies from approximately 25 to 135 ft. Depth to groundwater varies spatially as well as with time. There are numerous monitoring wells located around the installation. Depths to water range from a few feet below the land surface to as deep as 60 ft. Depths to groundwater in the demonstration area are between 20 and 40 feet. Average monthly temperatures range is from 41 to 79 degrees F, with an average of 60 degrees F. Annual average precipitation is 51.9 in, with March being the wettest month.

#### **List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:**

Soil and groundwater contaminants consist principally of explosives and explosives manufacturing-related contaminants (TNT, DNT, and nitroaromatics), with some heavy metals (Cr, Cu, Pb, As, Be, Co, and Ni) present in a few areas of the installation. Most soil contamination is located near old buildings (or their remains) that were used to batch-manufacture TNT. Contamination has been detected in the vadose zone but has not been well characterized or traced to entry points.

**Location Point of Contact:** 

Name: Erik B. Hangeland

Mailing Address: Bldg. 4430

U.S. Army Environmental Center

SFIM-AEC-ETP

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

**Telephone:** (410) 612-6858 **Fax:** (410) 612-6836

# National Center for Integrated Bioremediation Research and Development

**Reporting Agency/Department:** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the University of Michigan, and the United States Air Force

**Site Name and Location:** Wurtsmith Air Force Base, (National Center for Integrated Bioremediation Research and Development), Oscoda, Michigan

Nature of Facility: (e.g., Research Laboratory, Open Rangeland, Demonstration Facility, Military Base): This site is used to demonstrate bioremediation-based systems for *in situ* remediation of soils, sediments, and groundwater contaminated with fuels, solvents and organic mixtures.

Types of Environmental Technologies Appropriate for the Site (See Taxonomy Attached, Check as Many as Are Appropriate):				
✓ Remediation	☐ Control	☐ Monitoring	☐ Avoidance	

#### List Unique Opportunities and Challenges Associated With the Site:

Wurtsmith AFB occupies 7 square miles bounded by the Au Sable River/Au Sable River Wetlands complex to the south, Lake Van Etten and Lake Huron to the east and to the west by bluffs fronting a 5-mile-wide plain extending on to the base. The altitude of the land surface ranges from 580 to 750 ft above mean sea level. Lake Huron ultimately receives the discharge from the associated groundwater and surface water flow system and the Au Sable River. Surficial geologic materials are of quaternary glacio-fluvial origins made up largely of medium to fine sands and coarse sand and gravel deposits to depths of 60 to 90 ft. Below the glacial deposits lies a thick confining lacustrine clay layer (125 to 250 ft thick) that separates the upper aquifer from the lower, more saline waters in the bedrock units. In the eastern regions of the area, intermittent sand, sand/gravel, and clay layers of 1 to 3 ft thickness have been observed in the saturated zone. Monthly average temperatures range from 14 to 58 degrees F, with an annual average of 37 degrees F. Average annual precipitation is 29.8 in, including snowfall, with July being the wettest month. The location is ideal for *in situ* demonstration and experimentation, as the geology is fairly uniform and the saturated/unsaturated permeabilities are favorable.

## List Major Limitations Associated With Potential Use of the Site:

A large number of known and potential contamination sites (>50) have been identified at the base. Principal contaminants of concern include: aromatic and aliphatic components of POL, chlorinated organic solvents (e.g., TCE, DCE), fire-fighting compounds, combustion products (e.g., aquifer solids). Sediments and groundwater are the major environmental media affected.

**Location Point of Contact**:

Name: Mark Henry

Mailing Address: 4140 E. California, Bldg. 1845

Oscoda, MI 48750

**Telephone:** (517) 739-0185

**Fax:** (517) 739-0186

Index

Α	Bioprocessing Research and Development Facility • 56
	bioremediation • 66, 69, 147
accelerated weathering units • 13	Boiling Water Reactor Experiment • 30
acid gas dry scrubbing pilot plant • 67	Breidenbach Environmental Research Center • 66
acids • 143	Breidenbach Research Facility • 65
advanced engineering technologies • 28	BTEX • 56
advanced manufacturing processes • 23, 24	Buried Waste Integrated Demonstration Project • 28
advanced materials processing • 10, 18	Butte/Silver Bow Superfund Site • 37
advanced monitoring systems • 69	
agricultural engineering • 73	C
agricultural research • 101, 122, 132, 134	
Agricultural Research Service • 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79,	California • 24, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 88, 89, 90, 91, 141,
80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94,	143
95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106,	cancer research and treatment • 30
107, 108, 109, 110, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118,	catalysis • 16
119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129,	catalytic upgrading • 14
130, 131, 132, 133, 134	caustic cleaners • 141
agronomy • 115, 131	cereal crops • 106
Air Force • 137, 141, 147	cereal product utilization research • 90
Air Pollution Prevention and Control Division • 67	cesium • 48, 54, 59
alternative energy research • 23, 24	characterization • 53, 66
Alternative Fuels Users Facility • 15	characterization technologies • 23, 24
analytical pyrolysis • 9	chemical dissociation reactions • 48
analytical research • 63	chemical fractionation • 14
animal disease research • 97	chloride • 32
animal health systems • 103	
animal metabolism • 106	chlorinated hydrocarbons • 41, 141
	chlorinated organic solvents • 147
animal physiology • 73	chlorofluorocarbon substitutes • 67
Anthropod-Borne Animal Disease Research Unit • 105	chromium • 32, 48, 139
Appalachian Fruit Research Laboratory • 111	Citrus and Subtropical Fruits Quality Improvement Unit •
Appalachian Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit •	117
110	cladding • 10
aquatic effluents • 34	Cold Test Pit • 26, 28
Aquatic Weeds Control Research Unit • 91	Colorado • 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 20, 21,
aquifer solids • 147	22, 100, 101
Argonne National Laboratory • 18, 35	combustion research • 24, 67
Argonne National Laboratory West • 31	complex biomass gasifier tars • 17
Arkansas • 87	computational sciences • 23, 24
Army • 139, 145	Conservation and Production Research Laboratory • 74
Army Environmental Center • 145	conservation and production systems • 75, 79
aromatic and aliphatic components of POL • 147	Conservation and Production Systems Research Unit • 75
arsenic • 139	Containment Test Facility • 29
automated solar trackers • 12	copper • 5
12	Cotton Host Plant Resistance Research Unit • 126
В	cotton production research • 121
В	
	Cotton Quality Research Unit • 120
bacterial research • 130	crop genetics • 91
Bag/Box Monitor • 58	crop improvement research • 90
Beltsville Agricultural Research Center • 107	crop pathology • 91
benzoic acid • 143	crop science research • 126
biochemistry • 73, 89	cropland • 73, 74, 75, 77, 78, 79, 82, 84, 86, 88, 94, 107,
Biological Control of Insects Research Unit • 133	113, 125, 128, 131, 137
biological engineering • 103	
biological research • 63	D
biomass • 14, 15, 16, 17	U
Biomass Conversion and Organic Synthesis Laboratories •	DCA • 45
16	
	DCE • 45
Biomass Thermochemical Facility • 14	decommissioning • 34
bioprocessing • 56	decontamination • 34

Fuel Manufacturing Facility • 31 Delaware • 137 dense nonaqueous phase liquids • 137 fuel oil • 24, 141 diesel • 143 fuel plumes • 137 dioxin and furan wastes • 64 fuel-preparation systems • 67 dioxin control technologies • 67 fuels • 137, 147 diselenide • 5 Full Containment Facility • 65 distillation column • 15 DOE • 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, G 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 34, 35, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60 gaseous effluents • 34 Dover Air Force Base • 137 gasoline • 143 drinking-water research • 66 generation of pyrolysis oil • 14 dry-cask storage • 29 genetics • 85, 103, 106 geophysical instrument test range • 21 E Georgia • 113, 114, 115, 116 germplasm preservation • 91 glove-box facilities • 35 electrochemical synthesis • 16 electroplating chemicals • 141 Grand Junction Projects Office • 20, 21, 22 electrostatic precipitator pilot plant • 67 Grand Junction Walker Field Airport • 22 emissions control • 19 Grassland Soil and Water Research Laboratory • 78 groundwater • 23, 35, 44, 45, 46, 55, 137, 139, 141, 143, energetics • 19 Energy Technology Engineering Center • 42, 43 145, 147 engineered systems • 23, 24 Groundwater Remediation Field Laboratory • 137 environmental contaminants • 10 Gunite and Associated Tanks • 59 environmental management and decision support • 23 environmental management site • 34 Н environmental restoration • 28 Environmental Restoration Program • 35 Hanford Site • 48 environmental restoration technologies • 51, 53 Hazardous and Radioactive Mixed Waste Staging Area • 30 EPA • 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 69, 147 Hazardous Chemical/Radioactive Waste Facility • 30 Erosion Process Research Unit • 127 hazardous materials • 141 ethanol • 15 hazardous waste • 24, 48, 50, 57, 60, 63, 64, 65, 69 Experimental Breeder Reactor I • 30 Hazardous Waste Storage Facility • 30 Experimental Breeder Reactor II • 31 health and ecological effects • 69 explosives • 24, 139, 145 heavy metals • 19, 23, 34, 42, 139, 141, 145 high explosives test site • 46 High-Flux Solar Furnace • 10 high-level waste • 28 fabrication facility • 18 honey bee breeding, genetics, and physiology • 123 fatigue tests • 7 horticultural crops • 98 fermenters • 15 Horticultural Crops Research Laboratory • 88 Fernald Environmental Management Project • 25 hot-cell facilities • 35 fiber physics and biochemistry • 124 Hot-Fuel Examination Facility • 31 Field Crops Research Unit • 132 human nutrition • 89 Florida • 117, 118 hydraulic engineering • 82 flue-gas cleaning system • 67 hydrocarbons • 36 fluidized-bed reactors • 9 hydrology • 78, 125, 128, 131 Food Animal Protection Research Laboratory • 73 food quality research • 124 I food safety research • 90 Food Science Research Unit • 112 Idaho • 26, 28, 92, 93, 94 Forage and Livestock Research Unit • 84 Idaho Chemical Processing Plant • 29 Forage Seed and Cereal Research Unit • 98 Idaho National Engineering Laboratory • 26, 28 Foreign Disease-Weed Science Research Unit • 108 Illinois • 18, 35, 134 forest • 113, 125, 128, 137 immunology • 130 Fruit and Nut Research Unit • 114 indium selenide • 5 fruit production and storage research • 111 industrial landfills • 57 Fuel Cycle Facility • 31 industrial solvents • 141 fuel hydrocarbons • 143 INEL Landfill Complex • 30

molecular pathology • 109 Inorganic Membrane Technology Center • 52 insect microbiology • 133 monitoring network • 143 Iodine-129 • 33 monitoring technologies • 23, 24 Iowa • 130, 131, 132 Montana • 19, 37, 102 irrigated agriculture • 96 N J National Agricultural Water Quality Laboratory • 86 Jornado Experimental Range • 81 National Animal Disease Center • 130 National Center for Agricultural Utilization Research • 134 National Center for Integrated Bioremediation Research Κ and Development • 147 National Clonal Germplasm Repository • 98 Kirtland Air Force Base • 23 National Priorities List • 139 National Renewable Energy Laboratory • 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, L 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 National Risk Management Research Laboratory • 63, 64, landfills • 23, 34 65, 66, 67 laser spectroscopy • 36 National Sedimentation Laboratory • 125 Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory • 41 National Soil Tilth Laboratory • 131 Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory • 44, 46 National Wind Technology Center • 6, 7, 8 lead • 32, 139 Natural Resources Research Center • 101 lead paints • 48 Naval Construction Battalion Center • 143 livestock • 130 Naval Reactors Facility • 31 livestock facilities • 107 Nebraska • 103 Livestock Insects Laboratory • 80 Nevada • 38 Lockheed Idaho Technologies Corporation • 28 Nevada Test Site • 38 Louisiana • 122, 123, 124, 139 Nevada Testing Institute • 39 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant • 139 New Mexico • 23, 81 Lysimeter Facility • 57 New Waste Calcining Facility • 29 New York • 109 M nitrates • 32, 48 nitrogen oxide • 33, 67 Maryland • 107, 108 nonaqueous phase liquids • 137 mass spectrometry • 9, 17 non-thermal waste treatment technology • 24 Materials Research Partnership Center • 60 North Appalachian Experimental Watershed • 128 materials sciences • 5 North Carolina • 67, 112 McClellan Air Force Base • 141 North Dakota • 106 Meat Animal Research Center • 103 Northern Plains Experimental Range • 100 medical isotopes • 23 nuclear wastes • 23 medical technology • 89 Nuclear Weapons Production Facility • 48 mercury • 32, 57 metabolic diseases • 130 0 metal contamination • 66 metals • 143 Oak Ridge Center for Materials Characterization • 53 metals powders • 60 Oak Ridge K-25 Site • 52 meteorological data • 12 Oak Ridge K-25 Site Demonstration Facility • 50 Michigan • 147 Oak Ridge National Laboratory • 54, 55, 56, 59 microbiology • 73, 105, 108, 109 Oak Ridge Y-12 Plant • 57, 58 microstructural characterization resources • 53 off-gas treatment • 19 mine waste • 19 Ohio • 25, 51, 63, 64, 65, 66, 128 minerals beneficiation • 60 oil plumes • 137 Minnesota • 129 Oklahoma • 82, 83, 84, 85, 86 Mirror Preparation and Exposure Testing Laboratories • 13 optical and electron microscopes • 53 Mississippi • 125, 126, 127 Oregon • 60, 95, 98, 99 Missouri • 133 organic and organometallic synthesis • 16 mixed waste • 34, 48, 50 organic wastes • 66 mixed waste plastics • 9 organics • 19, 60, 67, 147 Molecular Beam Mass Spectrometry Laboratory • 17

molecular biology • 109

Р	reflector materials • 13
	refrigeration laboratory • 67
paints and coatings • 48	remedial technologies • 66
parasitology • 130	remediation • 23, 25
pasture • 73, 74, 75, 78, 84, 87, 107, 113, 125, 128	Remediation Technology Test Beds • 28
pathology • 73, 130	Remote Excavation System • 26
PCBs • 50, 52, 53, 54, 56, 57, 143	Remote Sensing Laboratory • 39
PCE • 44, 47	remote sensing research • 79
Peanut Research Unit • 116	renewable energy • 12
Pecan Genetics and Improvement Research Unit • 77	Rice Research Unit • 76
perched water • 33, 46	robotics • 23
pest control research • 79	
pest management • 73	C
pesticides • 143	S
phase-transformation hardening • 10	0 1 N ( 11 1 ( 1 22 24
	Sandia National Laboratories • 23, 24
photovoltaics • 5, 12	Savannah River Site • 34
physiology • 89	scintillation detectors • 58
Plant Gene Expression Center • 90	screening for contamination • 58
plant genetics • 73	sediment • 127, 143, 147
Plant Introduction Research Unit • 115	sensor technologies • 23, 24
plant management research • 124, 129	shallow land • 57
plant pathology • 108, 114, 115	shallow-groundwater flow • 55
plant research • 110	Sheep Experiment Station • 93
Plant Science and Water Conservation Laboratory • 82	simulated waste • 27
plant science research • 112	Small Grains and Potato Germplasm Research Unit • 92
plasma arc waste processing • 19	sodium • 32
plasma furnace • 37	sodium metal research laboratory • 36
Plastics Recycling Laboratory • 9	sodium-bearing waste • 29
plastics wastes • 17	soil and crop management • 74
Plum Island Animal Disease Center • 109	Soil and Water Conservation Research Unit • 99, 121
plumes • 34	Soil and Water Management Laboratory • 94
plutonium • 48	Soil and Water Research Unit • 123
polychlorinated biphenyls • 141	soil and water resources • 86
Portsmouth Clean Site • 51	soil conservation • 99
potassium • 20, 22	soil handling • 63
Power Burst Facility • 30	Soil Management Research Unit • 129
process chemistry and engineering • 90	soil remediation facility • 143
Process Experimental Pilot Plant • 29	soil research • 110, 132
production research • 85	soil vapor extraction system • 141
production research 63	*
_	soils • 137, 139, 141, 143, 145
R	solar cells • 5
	solar detoxification of hazardous wastes • 10
Rabbit Valley Geophysical Performance Evaluation Range •	Solar Energy Research Facility • 5
21	Solar Industrial Mesa Test Area • 10
radioactive isotopes • 60	Solar Radiation Research Laboratory • 12
radioactive materials • 18, 23	solar thermal • 10
radioactive waste • 48, 54, 57, 59, 64, 141	Sole-source aquifer • 32
Radioactive Waste Management Complex • 26, 30	Solid Waste Storage Area 6 • 54
radiologically contaminated wastes • 50	solvent plumes • 137
radiometers • 12	solvents • 137, 139, 141, 143, 147
radiometric calibration • 20, 22	South Carolina • 34, 119, 120, 121
radionuclides • 32, 34, 42	South Central Agricultural Research Laboratory • 85
Range and Livestock Research Unit • 102	South Central Family Farms Research Unit • 87
Range and Meadow Management Research Unit • 95	Southern Piedmont Conservation Research Laboratory •
rangeland • 81, 83, 84, 93, 95, 100, 102, 104	113
Rangeland Resource Research Unit • 104	Southern Plains Research Station • 83
rapid thermal annealing • 10	Southern Regional Research Center • 124
RCRA listed wastes • 50, 52, 53, 54	Special Technologies Laboratory • 39
Red River Valley Agricultural Research Center • 106	speciation • 35
	*

spent nuclear fuel • 28 V Spill Testing Facility • 39 spray-casting waste minimization • 19 Vegetable and Forage Crops Production Research Unit • 96 stabilization • 66 Vegetable Research Unit • 119 Stanford Linear Accelerator Center • 45 vegetation and grazing • 104 strontium • 48, 54, 59 veterinary medicine • 73, 130 Structural Test Facility • 7 VOC contaminated groundwater and soils • 33 subsurface weirs • 55 volatile organic compounds • 23, 34, 36, 42, 46, 56, 139, Subtropical Agricultural Research Laboratory • 79 Subtropical Horticulture Research Unit • 118 Volunteer Army Ammunition Plant • 145 Sugarcane Research Unit • 122 sulfate • 32 W sulfur dioxide • 67 superconductivity • 5 Walker Field Airport Authority • 22 Superfund sites • 65 Washington • 48, 96, 97 surface analysis equipment • 53 waste feedstocks • 14, 17 Surface decontamination • 48 waste management technologies • 53 surplus nuclear facilities • 28 waste oil • 143 Sustainable Technology Institute • 39 waste surrogates • 65 system fatigue • 8 waste water treatment technologies • 66 water conservation • 99 Т water management • 74 Water Reactor Research Test Facility • 29 TCE • 44, 45, 47 water research • 86, 110 telluride • 5 watershed research • 127 Tennessee • 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 145 watersheds • 131 Test and Evaluation Facility • 64 weapon components • 23 test reactors • 29 West Virginia • 110, 111 Texas • 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80 Western Environmental Technology Office • 19, 37 textile finishing chemistry • 124 Western Human Nutrition Research Center • 89 thallium • 139 Western Regional Research Center • 90 thermal treatment • 48 Wheat Genetics, Quality, Physiology, and Disease Research Thermochemical Engineering Laboratory, Field Test Unit • 97 Laboratory • 14 wind load • 8 thin-film deposition • 10 wind turbine blades • 7 thin-film photovoltaics • 5 wind turbine systems • 6, 8 thorium • 20, 22 Wind Turbine Test Facility • 8 TNT • 145 woodlands • 139 toxic materials • 65 World Radiometric Reference • 12 tracers • 26 Wurtsmith Air Force Base • 147 transformer fluid • 143 Wyoming • 104, 105 Transient Reactor Test Facility • 31 transportation systems • 23 X transuranic waste • 30 Treatability Test Facility • 39 x-ray diffraction and microfluorescence units • 53 Trench Dig-Face Demonstration • 26 trichloroethylene • 48 Ζ tritium • 33, 35, 36, 41, 44, 47 Zero-Power Physics Reactor • 31 U

uranium • 20, 22, 25, 50, 52, 53, 57, 58

uranium oxide sludge • 48 uranium processing facility • 25

Additional copies may be obtained from:

Julia Jones U. S. Department of Agriculture Global Change Program 300 12th Street, S. W., Rm. 2M08 Washington, DC 20250 e-mail: gevans@nalusda.gov

**Telephone:** 202-401-3798

**Fax:** 202-401-3812

Richard C. Burrow
Office of Science Policy
U. S. Department of Policy
1000 Independence Ave., S. W.
Washington, DC 20585

e-mail: richard.burrow@hq.doe.gov

**Telephone:** 202-586-1709

**Fax:** 202-586-5342

For further information contact: David Rejeski, Office of Science and Technology Policy, Environment Division, OEOB, Rm. 443, Washington, DC 20502; Phone: 202-456-6084.